

# AKTIA BANK PLC

## INTERIM REPORT

### JANUARY-JUNE 2016

STABLE RESULT, MOODY'S RATED AKTIA WITH IMPROVED OUTLOOK

CEO JUSSI LAITINEN

"Aktia achieved a good result in despite of continued unrest on the market. Political uncertainty and negative interest rate environment have lowered both profitability of the banking sector and yields from the institutional investment market. Several uncertainties challenge the recovery of the euro zone, but the Finnish economy shows cautious signs of a positive change. Aktia's net interest income was stable, and it was affected favorably especially by increased new lending to both private customers and housing companies in accordance with our Growth strategy. Net commission income recovered during April-June. Expenses increased mainly due to prolonged testing of the new core banking platform, the launch of which is planned for later this year. The sale of Visa Europe brought one-time gains of EUR 5.9 million, improving the result of the second quarter compared to the year before. Write-downs on credits continued at a very low level. Aktia is a stable and predictable bank with strong capital adequacy. This has been taken into account by the rating agency Moody's who raised Aktia's outlook from stable to positive, and kept our rating at a good level."

#### APRIL-JUNE 2016: OPERATING PROFIT EUR 22.4 (19.7) MILLION

- The Group's operating profit was EUR 22.4 (19.7) million and the profit was EUR 18.0 (16.5) million.
- Excluding one-time gains from the sale of Visa Europe, the Group's operating profit would have been EUR 16.6 (19.7) million and the profit for the period EUR 13.3 (16.5) million.
- Net interest income (NII) decreased by 1% and amounted to EUR 24.1 (24.3) million. Net commission income decreased by 5% to EUR 20.7 (21.7) million.
- Earnings per share (EPS) was EUR 0.27 (0.25).

#### JANUARY-JUNE 2016: OPERATING PROFIT EUR 37.0 (36.7) MILLION

- The Group's operating profit was EUR 37.0 (36.7) million and the profit was EUR 29.9 (29.5) million.
- Excluding one-time gains from the sale of Visa Europe, the Group's operating profit would have been EUR 31.1 (36.7) million and the profit for the period EUR 25.2 (29.5) million.
- Net interest income (NII) dropped by 2% to EUR 48.7 (49.8) million. Net commission income decreased by 4% to EUR 39.6 (41.3) million.
- Earnings per share (EPS) was EUR 0.45 (0.45).
- Aktia's Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio amounted to 19.7 (20.7)%.
- Equity per share stood at EUR 9.15 (31 Dec 2015; 9.26).
- Write-downs on credits and other commitments remained low and stood at EUR -0.2 (+0.4) million.
- OUTLOOK 2016 (unchanged, p. 14): Aktia's operating profit for 2016 is expected to reach an approximately similar level as in 2015.**

KEY FIGURES (EUR million)	2Q2016	2Q2015	Δ %	Jan-Jun 2016	Jan-Jun 2015	Δ %	1Q2016	2Q/1Q	2015
Net interest income	24.1	24.3	-1%	48.7	49.8	-2%	24.6	-2%	97.3
Net commission income	20.7	21.7	-5%	39.6	41.3	-4%	18.9	9%	80.0
Total operating income	59.4	54.0	10%	109.8	107.1	2%	50.4	18%	208.4
Total operating expenses	-36.8	-35.8	3%	-73.3	-71.5	3%	-36.5	1%	-144.4
Write-downs on credits and other commitments	-0.1	1.5	-	-0.2	0.4	-	-0.1	-72%	-0.3
<b>Operating profit</b>	<b>22.4</b>	<b>19.7</b>	<b>14%</b>	<b>37.0</b>	<b>36.7</b>	<b>1%</b>	<b>14.6</b>	<b>54%</b>	<b>64.2</b>
Cost-to-income ratio	0.62	0.66	-6%	0.67	0.67	0%	0.72	-14%	0.69
Earnings per share (EPS), EUR	0.27	0.25	7%	0.45	0.45	0%	0.18	50%	0.78
Equity per share (NAV) <sup>1</sup> , EUR	9.15	9.05	1%	9.15	9.05	1%	9.56	-4%	9.26
Return on equity (ROE), %	11.6	9.6	21%	9.8	8.7	13%	7.6	52%	7.9
Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio <sup>1</sup> , %	19.7	22.4	-12%	19.7	22.4	-12%	19.5	1%	20.7
Capital adequacy ratio <sup>1</sup> , %	26.2	27.7	-6%	26.2	27.7	-6%	25.6	2%	27.1
Write-downs on credits / total loan book, %	0.00	-0.02	-100%	0.00	-0.01	-100%	0.00	-	0.01

1) At the end of the period.

The Interim Report January - June 2016 is a translation of the original Swedish version "Delårsrapport 1.1-30.6.2016". In case of discrepancies, the Swedish version shall prevail.

# Profit

## April-June 2016

### Profit April - June 2016

The Group's operating profit was EUR 22.4 (19.7) million. The Group's profit was EUR 18.0 (16.5) million.

#### Income

Total Group's total income increased by 10% and mounted to EUR 59.4 (54.0) million.

Net interest income from the bank's borrowing and lending operations increased by 8% to EUR 15.3 (14.1) million and the total net interest income was EUR 24.1 (24.3) million. Both derivatives and fixed-rate instruments are utilised to manage interest rate risks. These hedging measures, including derivatives unwound in 2012, which are used by Aktia Bank to limit its interest rate risk, earned net interest income of EUR 9.0 million, EUR 1.2 million more than in the previous year. Net interest income from other treasury operations was EUR -0.1 (2.5) million.

Net commission income decreased by 5% and amounted to EUR 20.7 (21.7) million. Commission income decreased by 5% to EUR 23.1 (24.3) million. Commission income from mutual funds, asset management and securities brokerage decreased by 7% to EUR 10.8 (11.6) million. Card and other payment service commissions amounted to EUR 4.9 (4.9) million. Commission income from real estate agency services was unchanged and amounted to EUR 2.0 (2.0) million.

Net income from life insurance was EUR 6.9 (6.0) million. The corresponding quarter was subject to write-downs on interest instrument funds of EUR 0.8 million. Net income from the insurance business includes premiums written, net income from investment activities, insurance claims paid and the change in technical provisions.

Net income from financial transactions was EUR 7.4 (1.4) million, including one-time gains of EUR 5.9 million from the sale of Visa Europe to Visa Inc. Net income from hedge accounting was EUR -0.1 (0.2) million.

Other operating income was EUR 0.4 (0.5) million.

#### Expenses

Group operating expenses increased slightly and amounted to EUR 36.8 (35.8) million. Of this, staff costs amounted to EUR 17.9 (18.7) million. IT expenses increased to EUR 6.7 (5.9) million mainly due to costs of the new core banking platform. Other operating expenses totaled EUR 10.1 (9.1) million. The increase is mainly attributable to acquired services and costs for branch offices.

#### Group operating profit by segment

(EUR million)	2Q2016	2Q2015	Δ %
Banking Business	13.2	15.7	-16%
Asset Management & Life Insurance	5.6	5.5	2%
Miscellaneous	3.7	-1.5	-
Eliminations	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>22.4</b>	<b>19.7</b>	<b>14%</b>

# Main events

## January-June 2016

### Preparations for implementation of the new core banking platform

The acceptance testing of the systems included in the new core banking platform is nearly finished, and preparations for implementation are being made. Full-scale implementation is planned to take place during the second half of 2016. The migration to the new core banking system is a complex project, and comprehensive testing is made in order to ensure the very smoothest possible transition.

The total investment, including migration costs, is estimated to exceed EUR 55 million, and the total activated investment cost for the project is estimated to amount to approximately EUR 50 million. At the end of June, the activated investment cost amounted to EUR 48 million. The total impact on the result at implementation of the new core banking system will be neutral. The running IT costs will decrease, whereas write-downs will increase and the implementation of the core banking platform will initially require more staff.

The new core banking system will facilitate a number of quicker customer service processes and changes in work approaches, materialising simultaneously with training for and implementation of the system. The cost savings brought by the new core banking system will materialise from 2017 onwards.

### Aktia Life Insurance started to apply Solvency II transitional measures

The Financial Supervisory Authority granted Aktia Life Insurance Company Ltd permission to apply transitional measures for calculation of technical provision within the Solvency II framework entered into force on 1 January 2016. Taking the transitional measures into consideration, the available solvency capital is approximately 154.5% of the solvency capital requirement (SCR), whereas the solvency ratio was approximately 175.8% on 31 December 2015. The permission has no impact on the Aktia Bank Group's capital adequacy, operating profit or ability to pay dividends.

### Aktia carried out codetermination negotiations

Aktia Bank plc carried out codetermination negotiations in its sales organisation in January–February 2016. The negotiations resulted in a staff reduction of approximately 55 jobs. The reduction of staff generated a one-time cost of EUR 1.4 million, of which EUR 1 million was booked in the last quarter of 2015 and EUR 0.4 million in the first quarter of 2016. The estimated annual cost savings amount to approx. EUR 2 million.

### The divestment of holdings in Visa Europe brought one-time gains for Aktia

The sale of Visa Europe to Visa Inc. was completed on 21 June 2016, resulting in one-time gains of EUR 5.9 million. In addition to the cash consideration, Aktia received preference shares in Visa Inc. to an estimated market value of EUR 1 million per 30 June 2016, that have been booked in the fund at fair value after the deduction of deferred tax. Aktia Bank was a part owner of Visa Europe and brokered Visa Europe's card services. Besides upfront consideration for the transaction, an additional earn-out may be paid 4 to 12 years later. Further, Aktia Bank may receive shares of considerations paid to other Visa part owners, the card products of which Aktia Bank has brokered. The amount of consideration depends on a number of legal and other uncertain factors, such as profitability of Visa Europe and continued operations of Visa Inc, development of Visa Inc's shares, development of USD exchange rate, outcome of certain legal proceedings etc.

# Activity in January-June 2016

## Business environment

The prolonged period of low growth, political uncertainty and negative interest rate have lowered profitability of the banking sector and yields from the institutional investment market. There are still several uncertainties affecting the recovery of the euro zone such as the challenges faced by the Italian banking sector, Brexit and the refugee crisis. Simultaneously the Finnish economy shows cautious signs of change; consumer confidence is up and activity on the housing market is increasing.

According to Statistics Finland, inflation was -0.4 (-0.1)% in June. In April and May inflation stood at 0.3%, corresponding to -0.0% and 0.2% respectively the year before. The slight increase in inflation is mainly due to increases in the vehicle tax, hospital fees, reimbursable prescription medicines and dental fees. Inflation was curbed by reductions in the prices of liquid fuels and average housing loan interest rates.

The index of consumer confidence in the economy was strengthened further in June, reaching 14.9 (10.8), having been 12.5 (15.5) in May and 9.8 (11.4) in April. The long-time average is 11.6 (*Statistics Finland*).

During the second quarter, housing prices in Finland increased by 1.2% on the previous year. In the Helsinki region, prices went up by 2.6%, while in the rest of Finland they went down by 0.1% (*Statistics Finland*).

Unemployment stood at 9.3 (10.0)% in June, which is somewhat less than a year ago. On average, unemployment stood at 10.0 (10.7)% in the period April-June. There were 33,000 more employed than in June of the previous year. (*Statistics Finland*).

During the first six months of the year, the Nasdaq OMX Helsinki 25 index fell 2%. The Nordic banking index fell by approx. 11% in January-June 2016, whereas Aktia's A shares dropped by approx. 19% during the first six months of 2016.

Key figures Y-o-y	2017E*	2016E	2015
<b>GDP growth, %</b>			
World	3.6	3.2	3.1
Euro area	1.7	1.7	1.6
Finland	1.0	0.9	0.2
<b>Consumer price index, %</b>			
Euro area	1.0	0.3	0.0
Finland	1.0	0.2	-0.2
<b>Other key ratios, %</b>			
Development of real value of housing in Finland <sup>1</sup>	0.3	0.4	-0.6
Unemployment in Finland <sup>1</sup>	9.0	9.1	9.4
<b>Interest rates<sup>2</sup>, %</b>			
ECB	0.00	0.00	0.00
10-y Interest rate, Finland	0.20	0.15	0.92
Euribor 12 months	-0.05	-0.05	0.06
Euribor 3 months	-0.30	-0.30	-0.13

\* Aktia's chief economist's prognosis (20 July 2016)

<sup>1</sup>annual average

<sup>2</sup>at the end of the year

## Rating

Moody's Investor Service changed Aktia Bank plc's outlook to positive on 4 July 2016 (previously stable). Aktia Bank plc's credit rating remained unchanged as A3 for long-term borrowing, P-2 for short-term borrowing and C- for financial strength.

Moody's Investors Service rating for Aktia Bank's long-term covered bonds is Aaa.

On 29 March 2016, Standard and Poor's confirmed its rating of Aktia Bank plc's credit rating. The rating for long-term borrowing is A- and for short-term borrowing A2, both with a negative outlook.

	Long-term borrowing	Short-term borrowing	Outlook	Covered bonds
Moody's Investors Service	A3	P-2	positive	Aaa
Standard & Poor's	A-	A-2	negative	-

## Profit January - June 2016

The Group's operating profit was EUR 37.0 (36.7) million. The Group's profit was EUR 29.9 (29.5) million.

### Income

The Group's total income increased by 2% and amounted to EUR 109.8 (107.1) million.

Interest rates remained low and net interest income decreased by 2%, amounting to a total of EUR 48.7 (49.8) million. Net interest income from traditional borrowing and lending operations improved by 5% to EUR 30.1 (28.7) million. Derivatives and fixed-rate instruments are used to manage interest rate risk. Their proportion of net interest income increased to EUR 17.9 (15.6) million. Net interest income from other treasury operations decreased to EUR 0.6 (5.5) million.

Net commission income dropped by 4% to EUR 39.6 (41.3) million. Commission income from mutual funds, asset management and securities brokerage decreased by 8% to EUR 21.2 (23.0) million. Card and other payment service commissions remained unchanged compared to the previous year, standing at EUR 9.7 (9.7) million. Commission income from real estate agency was EUR 3.5 (3.5) million.

Net income from life insurance remained unchanged at EUR 12.8 (12.8) million. Lower investment returns were partly compensated by lower write-downs on financial assets available for sale. The actuarially calculated result remained on the same level as in the reference period.

The net income from financial transactions was EUR 8.0 (2.8) million. The period includes one-time gains of EUR 5.9 million from the sale of Visa Europe to Visa Inc. Net income from hedge accounting was EUR -0.8 (0.0) million.

Other operating income was EUR 0.8 (0.8) million.

### Expenses

Operating expenses increased by 3% and was EUR 73.3 (71.5) million.

Staff costs amounted to EUR 36.3 (36.7) million. For the conclusion of the codetermination negotiations in Aktia Bank's sales organisation, costs of EUR 0.4 million were booked in the first quarter. IT-related expenses increased by 11% to EUR 13.8 (12.5) million due to higher operating costs and delayed implementation of the core banking platform. Other operating expenses increased slightly to EUR 19.0 (18.2) million. The increase in expenses is mainly due to costs for branch offices and other staff costs.

The depreciation of tangible and intangible assets were unchanged and amounted to EUR 4.2 (4.2) million.

### Write-downs on credits and other commitments

Write-downs on credits remained low. Write-downs on credits and other commitments amounted to EUR -0.2 (+0.4) million.

## Balance sheet and off-balance sheet commitments

The Group balance sheet total at the end of June was EUR 9,729 (9,882) million.

### Liquidity

Aktia Bank's liquidity portfolio, which consists of interest-bearing securities, was EUR 1,860 (2,295) million. The liquidity portfolio was financed with repurchase agreements to a value of EUR 158 (163) million.

At the end of June, the Bank Group's liquidity buffer was approximately equivalent to the estimated outgoing cash flow of finance from the wholesale market for 34 months.

Aktia Bank has undertaken to guarantee the liquidity of Aktia Real Estate Mortgage Bank up to EUR 550 million.

The Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) was 178%.

Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR)	30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015	30 Jun 2015
LCR %	178%	275%	189%

LCR is calculated according to the resolution published by the EU Commission in October 2014

### Borrowing

Deposits from the public and public sector entities increased to EUR 4,235 (3,922) million, corresponding to a market share of deposits of 3.9 (3.8)%.

In total, the value of the Aktia Group's issued bonds was EUR 2,518 (3,033) million. Of these, EUR 164 (776) million were covered bonds issued by the Aktia Real Estate Mortgage Bank. The equivalent amount for Aktia Bank was EUR 1,532 (1,514) million. As security for the issue, bonds with a value of EUR 2,156 million were reserved at the end of June.

Certificates of deposit issued by Aktia Bank amounted to EUR 0 (12) million at the end of the period. During the period Aktia Bank issued new subordinated debts with a total value of EUR 28 million.

### Lending

Total Group lending to the public amounted to EUR 5,987 (5,856) million at the end of June, an increase of EUR 131 million. Aktia's loan book increased by EUR 271 million and amounted to EUR 5,353 (5,083) million. The loans brokered by savings banks and POP Banks decreased by 18% to EUR 634 (774) million.

Loans to private households, including mortgages brokered by savings banks and POP Banks, accounted for EUR 5,137 (5,177) million or 85.8 (88.4)% of the total loan book.

The housing loan book totalled EUR 4,749 (4,736) million, of which the share for households was EUR 4,412 (4,453) million. Aktia's new lending to private households increased by 23%, totalling EUR 381 (1 January - 30 June 2015; 309) million. At the end of June, Aktia's market share in housing loans to households stood at 4.1 (4.1)%.

Corporate lending accounted for 8.6 (7.1)% of Aktia Group's loan book. Total corporate lending amounted to EUR 518 (414) million. Loans to housing companies totalled EUR 290 (222) million and made up 4.8 (3.8)% of Aktia's total loan book. In accordance with Aktia's growth strategy, lending to housing companies increased by 31% (EUR 68 million) in the first half of 2016. Other increase in corporate lending is mainly related to a couple of larger financing arrangements for Finnish companies.

#### Loan book by sector

(EUR million)	30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015	Δ%	Share,%
Households	5,137	5,177	-40	85.8%
Corporates	518	414	103	8.6%
Housing companies	290	222	68	4.8%
Non-profit organisations	41	41	-1	0.7%
Public sector entities	1	1	0	0.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,987</b>	<b>5,856</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

#### Financial assets

Aktia Group's financial assets consist of the liquidity portfolio of the Bank Group and other interest-bearing investments amounting to EUR 1,860 (2,295) million, the life insurance company's investment portfolio amounting to EUR 618 (609) million and the real estate and equity holdings of the Bank Group amounting to EUR 9 (8) million.

#### Technical provisions

The life insurance company's technical provisions were EUR 1,129 (1,130) million, of which EUR 672 (662) million were unit-linked. Interest-related technical provisions amounted to EUR 457 (468) million.

#### Equity

The Aktia Group's equity amounted to EUR 609 (615) million. The fund at fair value increased by EUR 6 million to EUR 81 (75) million from year-end.

#### Commitments

Off-balance sheet commitments, consisting of credit limits, other loan promises and bank guarantees, increased by EUR 55 million and amounted to EUR 381 (326) million.

#### Managed assets

The Group's total managed assets amounted to EUR 9,990 (10,133) million.

Assets under management (AuM) comprise of managed and brokered mutual funds and managed capital in the subsidiary companies in the Asset Management & Life Insurance segment, as well as Aktia Bank's Private Banking unit. The assets presented in the table below reflect net volumes, so that AuM in multiple companies has been eliminated.

Group financial assets comprise the liquidity portfolio in the Bank Group managed by the treasury function and the life insurance company's investment portfolio.

#### Managed assets

(EUR million)	30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015	Δ%
Assets under Management (AuM)	7,298	7,138	2%
Group financial assets	2,692	2,994	-10%
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,990</b>	<b>10,133</b>	<b>-1%</b>

### Capital adequacy and solvency

At the end of the period, the Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio of Aktia Bank Group (Aktia Bank plc and all its subsidiaries except Aktia Life Insurance Ltd) was 19.7 (20.7)%. After deductions, Common Equity Tier 1 capital decreased by EUR 5.7 million during the period. The decrease is mainly attributable to the increase of intangible assets. During the same time, risk-weighted assets increased by EUR 74.2 million, relating to the increase of corporate lending. The increase in Common Equity Tier 1 capital improved the Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio by 0.3 percentage points, whereas the increase in risk-weighted assets had an impact of -0.7 percentage points, resulting in a decrease of the Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio of 1.0 percentage point during the period.

Aktia Bank Group applies internal risk classification (IRB) to the calculation of capital requirement for retail and equity exposures. For other exposures the standardised approach is used. A total of 59 (58)% of the Bank Group's exposures are calculated according to the IRB approach. The work continues on migration to internal models for exposure to corporates and credit institutions.

In October 2015 Aktia Bank entered an agreement with savings banks and POP Banks concerning acquisition of minority shares in Aktia Real Estate Mortgage Bank plc. The agreement has a negative effect on the Bank Group's capital adequacy. Following the agreement, the other owners' holdings in Aktia Real Estate Mortgage Bank are reported as a liability to the owners. Excluding the loan book brokered by savings banks and POP Banks, the Bank Group's Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio would have been approximately 20.9% at the end of the period.

Capital adequacy, %	30 Jun 2016 IRB	31 Dec 2015 IRB	30 Jun 2015 IRB
<b>Bank Group</b>			
CET1 Capital ratio	19.7	20.7	22.4
T1 Capital ratio	19.7	20.7	22.5
Total capital ratio	26.2	27.1	27.7
<b>Aktia Bank</b>			
CET1 Capital ratio	17.4	18.6	18.8
T1 Capital ratio	17.4	18.6	18.8
Total capital ratio	23.4	24.6	23.8
<b>Aktia Real Estate Mortgage Bank</b>			
CET1 Capital ratio	94.5	79.5	63.0
T1 Capital ratio	94.5	79.5	63.0
Total capital ratio	94.5	79.5	63.0

The capital requirement of banking business increased at the beginning of 2015 as the requirement for capital conservation buffer and the countercyclical buffer requirement were introduced to Finland. The requirement for capital conservation buffer will increase the minimum requirement by 2.5 percentage points. The countercyclical buffer requirement will vary between 0.0 and 2.5 percentage points. The board of the Financial Supervisory Authority will decide quarterly the magnitude of the requirement for the countercyclical capital buffer on the basis of analysis of macroeconomic stability. The latest decisions on the requirement (14 June 2016) placed no countercyclical capital buffer requirement on the banks for Finnish

exposures. The policy for macroeconomic stability was not tightened up by other means either, but the board of the Financial Supervisory Authority informed that a minimum level of 10% for the average risk weight on housing loans will be introduced. The minimum level will come into force on 1 July 2017 at the latest. At the end of the period, Aktia Bank Group's average risk weight on retail exposures with real estate collateral calculated according to the IRB approach was 16 (15)%.

The countercyclical buffer is calculated taking the geographic distribution of exposures into account. Authorities in some other countries have set higher requirements for countercyclical buffers. This requirement also applies to certain exposures in the Bank Group's liquidity portfolio. Aktia Bank Group's requirement for a countercyclical buffer amounted to 0.03 % as per 30/06/2016, taking the geographic distribution of exposures into account. In accordance with the Credit Institutions Act, the Financial Supervisory Authority has defined Other Systemically Important Institutions (O-SIIs) in Finland, and set buffer requirements for them. The requirements entered into force at the beginning of 2016. No O-SII buffer requirement was set for Aktia. Taking all buffer requirements into account, the minimum capital adequacy level for the Bank Group was 10.53%.

Aktia's target for Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio (CET1) is 15% at a minimum, which exceeds regulatory requirements by a good margin.

Aktia Bank Group's leverage ratio was 4.6 (4.7)% based on end of second quarter figures.

<b>Leverage Ratio*</b>	<b>30 Jun 2016</b>	<b>31 Dec 2015</b>
Tier 1 capital	408	413
Total exposure	8,805	8,814
<b>Leverage Ratio, %</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>4.7</b>

\*The leverage ratio is calculated based on end of quarter figures

As of 1 January 2016, the life insurance company follows the Solvency II directive, in which the solvency calculations deviate considerably from previous requirements. The most important difference is that technical provisions are now measured at market value. According to Solvency II, the company calculates its Solvency Capital Requirement (SCR) and Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR) and identifies its available solvency capital within Solvency II. Aktia Life Insurance applies the standard formula for SCR, with consideration of the transitional measure for technical provisions in accordance with the permission granted by the Financial Supervisory Authority.

As at 30 June 2016, SCR amounted to EUR 85.4 million, MCR to EUR 25.6 million and the available capital to EUR 131.9 million. Thus the solvency ratio was 154.5%.

The financial conglomerate's capital adequacy ratio was 186.4 (226.7)%. The statutory minimum stipulated in the Act on the Supervision of Financial and Insurance Conglomerates is 100%. Capital adequacy decreased due to higher capital requirements for the insurance business due to the Solvency II framework, entered into force on 1 January 2016.

## Segment overview

Aktia Bank's operations are divided into three segments: Banking Business, Asset Management & Life Insurance and Miscellaneous.

### Group operating profit by segment

<b>(EUR million)</b>	<b>Jan-Jun 2016</b>	<b>Jan-Jun 2015</b>	<b>Δ %</b>
Banking Business	24.8	29.8	-17%
Asset Management & Life Insurance	10.6	11.3	-6%
Miscellaneous	0.9	-5.1	-
Eliminations	0.7	0.7	10%
<b>Total</b>	<b>37.0</b>	<b>36.7</b>	<b>1%</b>

### Banking Business

The segment Banking Business contributed EUR 24.8 (29.8) million to Group operating profit.

Operating income was EUR 84.3 (87.7) million, of which EUR 48.5 (49.7) million was net interest income. Compared to the corresponding period last year, net commission income decreased slightly to EUR 32.9 (34.1) million. The lower net commission income was mainly due to lower commission income from fund and asset management, insurance business and lending.

Net income from financial transactions was EUR 2.2 (2.7) million. The change from the previous year is mainly related to one-time costs due to the phasing out of Aktia Real Estate Mortgage Bank, which burdened net interest income from financial transactions by EUR -0.6 million.

Operating expenses were higher than the year before and totalled EUR 59.3 (58.3) million. Staff costs amounted to EUR 29.3 (28.7) million. The period is impacted by additional provisions of EUR 0.4 million for the conclusion of the codetermination negotiations in Aktia Bank's sales organisation. IT-related expenses totalled EUR 11.8 (11.9) million. Other operating expenses increased to EUR 15.4 (14.9) million.

Write-downs on credits and other commitments amounted to EUR -0.2 (+0.4) million. Included in write-downs for the year is a reversal of group write-downs of EUR 0.4 million in the first quarter.

Total savings by households increased to EUR 4,348 (4,310) million, of which household deposits were EUR 3,076 (3,017) million and savings by households in mutual funds EUR 1,272 (1,293) million.

Aktia's lending to private households increased to EUR 4,518 (4,421) million. The transfer of mortgages brokered by Aktia from Aktia Real Estate Mortgage Bank was completed during the second quarter. Due to the intensified transfer of loans to the local banks, Aktia Real Estate Mortgage Bank's total lending decreased by EUR 223 million to EUR 634 (857) million. The corporate customer loan book increased to EUR 518 (414) million.

Aktia Private Banking, which offers comprehensive individual investment services and legal advice, increased its client base by 5%. Private Banking's customer assets had by 30 June 2016 decreased by 2% and amounted to EUR 1,884 (1,923) million.

The Premium concept for private customers was renewed at the beginning of 2016. The number of Premium customers increased, amounting to approx. 15,200 at the end of the second quarter.



In the second quarter, a mobile card application was launched. Initially, customers may check the balance on their card and their card payments with the application. In the autumn, a payment function will be added to the application, and customers may then use the application as a virtual payment card.

The cooperation with the R-kiosk chain of convenience stores, launched in December 2015, was expanded as Aktia took over R-kiosk's payment transaction services. The R-kiosk convenience stores offer payment of invoices with bar code since 2011. Aktia is developing its range of products and services in different channels, and cooperation with R-kiosk enables Aktia to offer the most popular products in a very extensive distribution network.

## Asset Management & Life Insurance

The segment Asset Management & Life Insurance contributed EUR 10.6 (11.3) million to Group operating profit.

Operating income for the segment was lower than in the corresponding period the previous year and stood at EUR 22.8 (23.5) million. The slow development of the capital market during the first months of the year, high volatility and uncertainty due to Brexit, affected income and sales during the period. Net commission income from asset management was EUR 11.8 (12.2) million and net income from life insurance EUR 11.0 (11.2) million.

Life insurance premiums written dropped by 45% year-on-year to EUR 57.9 (105.2) million. The decrease is attributable to unit-linked savings policies, including sales of Aktia Profile and Allocation service+. The Aktia Profile investment service and the Allocation service+ were responsible for 56 (71)% of premiums written.

Net income from life insurance investment activities amounted to EUR 9.7 (9.8) million. Lower investment returns were partly compensated by lower write-downs in the investment portfolio. The return on the company's investments based on market value was 3.6 (0.1)%.

Operating expenses remained unchanged from the corresponding period the previous year and stood at EUR 12.2 (12.2) million. Staff costs amounted to EUR 5.7 (5.6) million. The expense ratio for the life insurance business was at a good level, 85.6 (85.3)%.

The value of assets managed by Aktia Asset Management & Life Insurance totalled EUR 5,962 (5,788) million.

(EUR million)	30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015	Δ%
Aktia Fund Management	3,892	3,764	3%
Aktia Asset Management	6,197	6,011	3%
Aktia Life Insurance	674	667	1%
Eliminations	-4,801	-4,655	3%
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,962</b>	<b>5,788</b>	<b>3%</b>

Life insurance technical provisions totalled EUR 1,129 (1,130) million, of which allocations for unit-linked provisions were EUR 672 (662) million and interest-related provisions EUR 457 (468) million. Unit-linked provisions continued at a high level, amounting to 59 (59)% of total technical provisions. The average discount rate for the interest-linked technical provisions was 3.5%. Technical provisions include an interest reserve of EUR 16.0 (16.0) million, which is used for hedging future interest requirements.

## Miscellaneous

The Miscellaneous segment encompasses certain administrative functions for Aktia Bank plc. Equity of Aktia Bank plc is not allocated to the other segments, but is included in the segment Miscellaneous.

The segment's contribution to the Group's operating profit amounted to EUR 0.9 (-5.1) million.

Operating income totalled EUR 6.4 (-0.3) million for the period. The sale of Visa Europe to Visa Inc. was executed in June, resulting in one-time gains of EUR 5.9 million. In addition to the cash consideration, Aktia received preference shares in Visa Inc. to an estimated market value of EUR 1 million per 30 June 2016, that have been booked in the fund at fair value after the deduction of deferred tax. The reference period was further impacted by sales losses of EUR 0.9 million from the sale of real estate holdings in the previous subsidiary Vasp-Invest and from the divestment of further 24% of Aktia Bank's holdings in Folksam Non-Life Insurance.

Operating expenses totalled EUR 5.5 (4.7) million. Staff costs amounted to EUR 1.3 (2.3) million. The segment's IT expenses after cost allocations to subsidiaries were EUR 1.0 (+0.3) million. The increase in expenses is primarily related to the new core banking platform. Of the provision for the change of core banking system, a total of EUR 0.4 (1.2) million has been released in the period. At the end of June, EUR 2.0 million remain of the provision (EUR 2.3 million at 31 December 2015).



## The Group's risk exposures

Definitions and general principles for asset and risk management can be found in Aktia Bank plc's Annual Report for 2015 ([www.aktia.com](http://www.aktia.com)), in note G2 on pages 44-59, and in Aktia Bank plc's Capital and Risk Management Report on the Group's website [www.aktia.com](http://www.aktia.com).

### Lending related risks within banking business

Loans past due more than 90 days, including claims on bankrupt companies and receivables for collection increased to EUR 47 (44) million, corresponding to 0.78 (0.75)% of the loan book. The loan book also includes off-balance sheet guarantee commitments.

Loans past due to households more than 90 days corresponded to 0.67 (0.63)% of the entire loan book and 0.79 (0.71)% of the household loan book.

Loans with payments 3–30 days overdue increased to EUR 84 (76) million, equivalent to 1.40 (1.29)% of the loan book. Loans with payments 31–89 days overdue increased to EUR 39 (28) million, or 0.66 (0.48)% of the loan book.

#### Loans past due by time overdue

(EUR million)					
Days	30 Jun 2016	% of loan book	31 Dec 2015	% of loan book	
3 - 30	84	1.40	76	1.29	
of which households	79	1.32	71	1.20	
31 - 89	39	0.66	28	0.48	
of which households	34	0.56	26	0.44	
90-	47	0.78	44	0.75	
of which households	41	0.67	37	0.63	

### Write-downs on credits and other commitments

During the period total write-downs on credits and other commitments was EUR -0.2 (+0.4) million. Of these write-downs, EUR -0.2 (-0.3) million were attributable to households, and EUR 0.0 (+0.7) million to companies.

Total write-downs on credits amounted to 0.00 (-0.01)% of total lending. The share of write-downs on corporate loans in relation to corporate lending overall amounted to 0.00 (-0.17)%.

## Distribution of risk across financial assets

The Bank Group maintains a liquidity portfolio as a buffer for situations where, for some reason, borrowing from the capital markets is not possible under common conditions. Fixed-rate investments within the liquidity portfolio are also used to reduce the structural interest rate risk.

In the life insurance business, the investment portfolio covering total technical provisions is marked to market on an ongoing basis.

Interest rate investments expose the Group to counterparty risks. Direct interest-rate investments are rated by international credit rating agencies

such as Standard & Poor's, Fitch or Moody's. This rating is primarily affected by the counterparty's country and financial position, but also by the type of instrument and its right of priority.

### The Bank Group's liquidity portfolio and other interest-bearing investments

Investments within the liquidity portfolio and the other interest-bearing investments decreased during the period by EUR 435 million, and amounted to EUR 1,860 (2,295) million. The decrease of the liquidity portfolio is entirely related to repayment of covered bonds issued by Aktia Real Estate Mortgage Bank to a value of approximately EUR 480 million, maturing at the end of the second quarter.

#### Rating distribution for Bank Group's liquidity portfolio and other direct interest-bearing investments

	30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015
(EUR million)	1,860	2,295
Aaa	54.8%	59.9%
Aa1-Aa3	28.8%	25.1%
A1-A3	4.5%	5.5%
Baa1-Baa3	2.9%	2.2%
Ba1-Ba3	0.0%	0.0%
B1-B3	0.0%	0.0%
Caa1 or lower	0.0%	0.0%
Finnish municipalities (no rating)	8.1%	7.4%
No rating	0.9%	0.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

At the end of the period, there were two covered bonds from Finnish credit institutions, with a total value of EUR 29 million, that did not meet the eligibility requirements for refinancing at the central bank due to the fact that the issues have no rating. Interest-bearing investments without a rating consist entirely of short-term domestic commercial papers, and as the issuer lacks a rating, they do not meet the eligibility requirements for refinancing at the central bank.

The Bank Group's investments in the so-called GIIPS countries stood at EUR 28 (30) million on 30 June 2016. All exposures relating to GIIPS countries are marked to market on an ongoing basis at current market prices.

### Other market risks within the banking business

The banking business conducts no equity trading or investments in real estate property for yield purposes.

At the end of the period, real estate holdings amounted to EUR 0.1 (0.1) million and investments in shares necessary for the business amounted to EUR 8.8 (7.5) million.

### Investment portfolio of the life insurance company

The market value of the life insurance company's total investment portfolio amounted to EUR 618 (609) million. The life insurance company's direct real estate investments amounted to EUR 56 (54) million. The properties are mainly located in the Helsinki region and have long tenancies.

The life insurance company's direct fixed-income interest investments in GIIPS countries amounted to EUR 0 (2) million.

**Rating distribution for the life insurance business' direct interest rate investments** (excl. investments in interest funds, real estate, equity instruments and alternative investments)

	30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015
<b>(EUR million)</b>	<b>452</b>	<b>429</b>
Aaa	46.2%	61.2%
Aa1-Aa3	32.2%	17.9%
A1-A3	6.4%	7.9%
Baa1-Baa3	5.2%	4.8%
Ba1-Ba3	0.0%	0.5%
B1-B3	0.0%	0.0%
Caa1 or lower	0.0%	0.0%
Finnish municipalities (no rating)	0.0%	0.0%
No rating	9.9%	7.7%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

## Valuation of financial assets

### Value changes reported via income statement

Write-downs on financial assets amounted to EUR -0.3 (-1.0) million, attributable to permanent reductions in the value of interest rate and real estate funds and small private equity holdings.

#### Write-downs on financial assets

<b>(EUR million)</b>	<b>Jan-Jun 2016</b>	<b>Jan-Jun 2015</b>
<b>Interest-bearing securities</b>		
Banking Business	-	-
Life Insurance Business	-0.1	-
<b>Shares and participations</b>		
Banking Business	-	0,0
Life Insurance Business	-0.2	-1,0
<b>Total</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-1,0</b>

### Bank Group's geopolitical and instrument type distribution

	Government and Govt. guaranteed		Covered Bonds		Financial institutions excl. CB		Corporate bonds		Equity instruments		Total	
<b>(EUR million)</b>	6/2016	2015	6/2016	2015	6/2016	2015	6/2016	2015	6/2016	2015	6/2016	2015
Finland	176	182	47	149	82	84	12	-	-	-	317	415
United Kingdom	-	-	225	298	18	19	-	-	-	-	243	317
Norway	-	-	218	283	-	-	-	-	-	-	218	283
Netherland	25	25	165	189	60	85	-	-	-	-	249	299
France	67	65	109	142	32	47	-	-	-	-	208	255
Sweden	-	-	74	75	90	120	-	-	-	-	164	194
Denmark	-	-	89	84	-	-	-	-	-	-	89	84
Austria	26	26	-	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	80
Germany	49	48	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	49	58
Supranationals	215	228	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	215	228
Others	54	54	28	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	82	82
<b>Total</b>	<b>612</b>	<b>629</b>	<b>955</b>	<b>1,311</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>355</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,860</b>	<b>2,295</b>

### Life Insurance company's geopolitical and instrument type distribution

	Government and Govt. guaranteed		Covered Bonds		Financial institutions excl. CB		Corporate bonds		Real estate		Alternative investments		Equity instruments		Total	
<b>(EUR million)</b>	6/2016	2015	6/2016	2015	6/2016	2015	6/2016	2015	6/2016	2015	6/2016	2015	6/2016	2015	6/2016	2015
Finland	35	34	6	6	34	56	71	61	83	82	3	3	-	-	232	242
France	42	38	88	86	1	1	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	141	135
Netherlands	10	10	31	31	13	13	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	56
United Kingdom	-	-	36	36	3	3	1	1	-	-	0	0	-	-	40	40
Austria	24	22	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	29
Denmark	-	-	19	19	1	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	22
Germany	17	17	-	-	-	-	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	21
Sweden	-	-	-	-	12	9	-	-	-	-	0	0	-	-	13	9
Norway	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supranationals	7	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	6
Others	46	21	-	2	6	5	7	21	-	-	-	0	-	-	59	50
<b>Total</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>618</b>	<b>609</b>

## Value changes reported via the fund at fair value

A value impairment that is not reported in the income statement, or an increase in the value that has not been realised, is reported via the fund at fair value. Taking cash flow hedging for the Group into consideration, the fund at fair value amounted to EUR 80.9 (75.1) million after deferred tax.

Cash flow hedging, which comprises of unwound interest-rate derivative contracts that have been acquired for the purposes of hedging the banking business' net interest income, amounted to EUR 0.0 (0.1) million.

### The fund at fair value

(EUR million)	30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015	Δ
<b>Shares and participations</b>			
Banking Business	1.0	-0.1	1.1
Life Insurance Business	3.7	3.1	0.6
<b>Direct interest-bearing securities</b>			
Banking Business	20.6	24.1	-3.5
Life Insurance Business	55.6	48.0	7.7
Cash flow hedging	0.0	0.1	-0.1
<b>Fund at fair value, total</b>	<b>80.9</b>	<b>75.1</b>	<b>5.8</b>

## Financial assets held until maturity

The portfolio of financial assets held until maturity mainly consists of reclassified interest-bearing securities from previous years. Most of the reclassified securities have an AAA rating. During the period no new acquisitions were made to the portfolio which, on 30 June 2016, amounted to EUR 471 (482) million.

## Unwinding of hedging interest-rate derivatives

In November 2012, the company unwound all of its interest rate derivatives for hedging purposes, i.e. to hedge the demand deposits and savings deposits (applying the EU 'carve-out' to hedge accounting). For these interest-rate derivatives, the effective part of the market value has been compensated by a corresponding amount in the balance sheet item Deposits.

The unwound interest-rate derivatives will have a positive impact on the result in net interest income up until the end of 2019. In 2016, the positive impact on net interest income will amount to approximately EUR 16 million. The remaining positive impact on the result, amounting to approximately EUR 27 million, will mainly be reported in the years 2017–2018.

The bank is maintaining its policy of actively hedging net interest income where this is considered justified in the long term with regard to the interest rate situation.

## Operational risks

No operational risk causing significant financial damage occurred during the period.

## Events concerning close relations

Close relations refers to Aktia Bank's key persons in management positions and close family members, as well as companies where a key person in a management position has a controlling interest. The Aktia Group's key persons are the members of the Board of Supervisors, the Board of Directors of Aktia Bank plc, the Managing Director and Managing Director's alternate.

Further information on events concerning close relations is given in note G45 to the Financial statements 2015. No significant changes concerning close relations occurred during the period.

## Growth 2018

The present strategy of the Aktia Group "Growth 2018" was adopted under the first quarter of 2015. The bank's good capital adequacy ratio and strong balance sheet enable growth. According to the new strategy, Aktia focuses mainly on services for private customers and their families, but also on family businesses and owner-operated companies. Aktia will also continue to strive for efficient and customer-friendly service in both branches and digital channels.

Aktia Bank aims to increase its corporate lending and lending to housing companies. As from March 2015, Aktia participates in the European Central Bank's long-term refinancing operations (TLTRO), which enable Aktia to offer financing with favourable terms. Aktia's objective is to double the annual number of new customers before the end of 2018. The number of new private and corporate customers was 1,300 in 2015. In 2016, the objective is an increase of 3,000 new private and corporate customers. From the beginning of the year, the number of new private and corporate customers has increased by approx. 1,300 primary customers.

From the company's previous strategy programme, "Action Plan 2015", measures still to be completed are the migration to the new core banking platform, the final phasing-out of Aktia Real Estate Mortgage Bank plc and the process improvements that the new core banking system will bring. These measures will be implemented within the framework of Aktia's present strategy "Growth 2018".

## Other events during the period

Aktia Bank plc has divested 135,920 Series A treasury shares as payment of remuneration for the Board of Directors and deferred instalments under Share Based Incentive Scheme 2011, earning period 2011–2012, 2012–2013, 2013–2014 and earning period 2014–2015, to 16 key employees included in the share-based incentive scheme. Following the divestment the number of Series A treasury shares is 6,192 and Series R treasury shares 6,658.

On 12 May 2016 at its first meeting following the ordinary annual general meeting 2016, the Board of Supervisors of Aktia Bank plc re-elected Honorary Counsellor Håkan Mattlin as the Chair of the Board of Supervisors. Christina Gestrin, Patrik Lerche, Clas Nyberg, Jorma J. Pitkämäki and Jan-Erik Stenman were re-elected as Deputy Chairs. The Board of Supervisors' Chair and the Deputy Chairs are presiding officers tasked with drawing up matters to be dealt with by the Board of Supervisors such as preparing the election of the Board of Directors.

On 9 May 2016, the Board of Directors of Aktia Bank plc decided to add the new board member Christina Dahlblom to the Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee. At the same time, Nina Wilkman informed that she resigns from her post as member of the Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee. Thus the members of the Board of Directors' Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee are Dag Wallgren (chair), Christina Dahlblom and Catharina von Stackelberg-Hammarén.

Aktia and R-kioski came to an agreement in April to expand their cooperation, and Aktia takes over R-kioski's payment transaction services during the summer 2016. The cooperation between Aktia and R-kioski commenced in December 2015 when the R-kioski convenience stores started to sell Aktia's Mastercard Prepaid cards. Aktia is developing its range of products and services in different channels, and cooperation with R-kioski allows offering the most popular products in a very extensive distribution network.

On 8 April 2016 it is 190 years from the day Helsinki Savings Bank received its first deposits, being the first savings bank in the capital of Finland. Thus, Aktia is the oldest savings bank in Finland, and the oldest still operating bank in Finland, which vouches for traditions, stability, experience and good knowledge of customers. Aktia of today was founded 25 years ago, in 1991, when seven Swedish-speaking and Swedish-Finnish bilingual banks in the coastal areas of Finland and Helsinki Savings Bank decided to establish a new bank together.

Aktia's Senior Advisor and long-standing Chief Economist Timo Tyrväinen, who retires this summer, was on 6 April 2006 conferred the certificate Certified Business Economist (TM) as the first person in Finland. CBE (TM) is a new certificate launched in the autumn of 2015, and owned by the American National Association for Business Economics (NABE).

In March, Morningstar chose Aktia, as the only Finnish service provider, as one of the top three in the category of the best asset manager in Morningstar's Finland Awards 2016. In the category of the best fixed-income fund, Aktia's Corporate Bond+ was the only fixed-income fund managed by a Finnish servicer provider, which made it to the top three. Aktia was the best fixed-income asset manager in 2012, 2013 and 2014.

Aktia Bank lowered its prime rate by 0.25 percentage points from 1.00% to 0.75%. The new rate entered into force 1 March 2016. The change was due to the decrease of market rates. Previously, Aktia has lowered its prime rate in November 2014.

## Events after the end of the period

On 4 July 2016, Moody's Investors Service Ltd affirmed Aktia Bank plc's credit ratings at A3 for long-term deposit and senior unsecured debt and at P2 for short-term deposit, and raised the outlook for the ratings from stable to positive. The bank's Baseline Credit Assessment (BCA) also remained unchanged (baa2)

On 1 July 2016 Aktia strengthened its know-how in mobile payments through the acquisition of Elisa Rahoitus Oy, a subsidiary of Elisa Corporation. The company's name is now Aktia Finance Ltd. The net purchase sum of EUR 1 million was paid in cash, and the acquisition had no significant effect on Aktia Bank plc's profit or financial position. The service "Elisa Lompakko", launched in 2012, was the first mobile payment service in Europe, transmitting payment messages instantly from one user to another. The service will continue after the acquisition.

## Personnel and personnel fund

At the end of June 2016, the total number of full time employees in Aktia Group stood at 968 (31 December 2015: 920).

The average number of full time staff during the first half of the year has decreased by 9 from year-end and to 927 (January–December 2015: 936).

The personnel fund of Aktia Group is a remunerations system including all personnel with the exception of the members of the Executive Committee. Aktia Bank plc's Board of Directors has confirmed that the profit sharing provision for the personnel fund for 2016 is EUR 3 million at a group operating profit of EUR 80 million at a minimum. If the group operating profit amounts to a minimum of EUR 50 million, the profit sharing provision is EUR 250,000 and increases thereafter with an amount corresponding to 10% of the group operating profit exceeding EUR 50 million.

## Incentive schemes for key personnel

Key employees of the Aktia Group are provided with a possibility to participate in the share-based incentive schemes, Share Based Incentive Scheme and Share Ownership Scheme, in compliance with the decision of Aktia Bank plc's Board of Directors. Both schemes aim to support the long-term strategy of the group; unify the objectives of the owners and key personnel; raise the value of the company; and tie the key personnel to the company and offering them competitive incentives based on share ownership in Aktia Bank plc.

For more information on the incentive scheme see [www.aktia.com](http://www.aktia.com) > Corporate Governance > Remuneration.

## Board of Directors and Executive Committee

Aktia Bank plc's Board of Directors for 1 January - 31 December 2016:

Chair Dag Wallgren, M.Sc. (Econ.)  
Vice chair Nina Wilkman, LL.M.  
Christina Dahlblom, M.Sc. (Econ.) (from 1 April 2016)  
Stefan Damlin, M.Sc. (Econ.)  
Sten Eklundh, M.Sc. (Econ.)  
Kjell Hedman, Business Economist  
Catharina von Stackelberg-Hammarén, M.Sc. (Econ.)  
Lasse Svens, M.Sc. (Econ.)  
Arja Talma, M.Sc. (Econ.), eMBA

As from 1 August 2016, Carl Pettersson takes over the responsibility for the business areas Private customers, Corporate customers, Private Banking and Marketing, whereas Taru Narvanmaa takes the responsibility for the business areas Saving, Lending, Payments and Insurance as well as for Communications. Simultaneously Carl Pettersson is appointed Deputy Managing Director. Deputy Managing Director Taru Narvanmaa continues as alternate for the Managing Director.

Aktia's Executive Committee comprises Managing Director Jussi Laitinen, Deputy Managing Director and Managing Director's alternate Taru Narvanmaa, Director Mia Bengts, Director Juha Hammarén, Deputy Managing Director Carl Pettersson, Director Anssi Rantala, Director Fredrik Westerholm and Director Magnus Weurlander.

## Decisions made at the Annual General Meeting 2016

The Annual General Meeting of Aktia Bank plc on 12 April 2016 adopted the consolidated financial statements of the parent company and the group, and discharged the members of the Board of Supervisors, the members of the Board of Directors, the Managing Director and his alternate from liability.

In accordance with the proposal of the Board of Directors, the Annual General Meeting decided to distribute a dividend of EUR 0.54 per share and a return of capital of EUR 0.10 per share, totalling EUR 42.6 million for the financial period 1 January–31 December 2015. The record date for the dividend was 14 April 2016 and the day for paying out the dividend was 26 April 2016.

The Annual General Meeting established the number of members on the Board of Supervisors to be twenty eight.

The members of the Board of Supervisors Mikael Aspelin, Agneta Eriksson, Clas Nyberg, Gunvor Sarelin-Sjöblom, Jan-Erik Stenman, Lars Wallin, and Ann-Marie Åberg who were all due to step down, were re-elected, and Ralf Asplund (entrepreneur), Annika Pråhl (B. A.) and Marcus Rantala (M.Soc.Sc.) were elected as new members, all for a term of three years.

As annual remuneration for the members of the Board of Supervisors, EUR 24,400 for the chair, EUR 10,500 for deputy chairs and EUR 4,400 for members were established. Further, a remuneration of EUR 500 was set per meeting attended.

The Annual General Meeting determined that the number of auditors shall be one, and elected APA firm KPMG Oy Ab as auditor, with Jari Härmälä, APA, as auditor-in-charge.

The Annual General Meeting adopted the proposals by the Board of Directors concerning the authorisation to issue shares, the authorisation to acquire own shares to be used in the company's share based incentive scheme and/or as remuneration to members of executive bodies in the company as well as the authorisation to divest own shares. The Annual General Meeting also adopted the proposal to authorise the Board of Directors to decide on a donation for philanthropic purposes to support education and research.

All authorisations approved by the AGM have been published on the website [www.aktia.com](http://www.aktia.com) under About Aktia > Corporate Governance > Annual General Meeting > Annual General Meeting 2016.

## Share capital and ownership

The share capital of Aktia Bank plc amounts to EUR 163 million, comprising a total of 46,706,723 A shares and 19,872,088 R shares, or 66,578,811 shares in all. The number of shareholders at the end of June 2016 was 41,720. Foreign ownership was 2.2%.

The number of unregistered shares was 768,462 or 1.2% of all shares. Inspection and registration of outstanding shares continue.

On 30 June 2016, the Group held 6,192 (22,112) A shares and 6,658 (6,658) R shares.

### Shares

Aktia Bank's trading codes are AKTAV for A shares and AKTRV for R shares. Each A share confers one vote, and each R share confers 20 votes. Otherwise, the shares confer the same rights.

Aktia's market value at 30 June 2016 was EUR 577 (735) million. On 30 June 2016, the closing price for a series A share was EUR 8.19 (10.65) and for a series R share EUR 9.80 (12.00). The highest closing price for A series shares was EUR 10.26 (12.07) and the lowest EUR 7.70 (9.33). The highest for the series R share was EUR 12.00 (13.00) and the lowest EUR 9.59 (10.45).

The average daily turnover in January - June 2016, for series A shares, decreased slightly from the previous year to EUR 208,377 (332,945) or 22,800 (30,588) shares. An average of 115 (125) transactions per day were carried out with series A shares.

The average daily turnover of R shares was low, amounting to EUR 2,297 (6,005), or 214 (502) shares. An average of only 2 (2) transactions per day were carried out.

## New insider regulations

EU regulation on market abuse (MAR) entered into force on 3 July 2016. The new regulation brings about comprehensive notification and disclosure obligations for persons discharging managerial responsibilities in listed companies, as well as for persons closely associated with them, for transactions conducted relating to the companies' financial instruments.

Aktia has updated its internal rules and instructions for transactions conducted with Aktia's financial instruments for persons discharging managerial responsibilities in listed companies, as well as for persons closely associated with them, to comply with the new regulations. The closed period, during which persons having access to insider information are not allowed to make transactions with Aktia's financial instruments, has been prolonged so that it starts 30 days before announcement of an interim financial report is published and ends on the banking day following the publication. Aktia's Information policy has also been updated in accordance with the changes introduced in MAR.

## Outlook and risks 2016 (unchanged)

### Outlook

The continued low interest rates have a negative impact on Aktia's net interest income, and the increased uncertainty on the capital markets makes it challenging to reach the same level of growth in commission income as in 2015. Write-downs on credits are expected to remain low in 2016.

**Aktia's operating profit for 2016 is expected to reach an approximately similar level as in 2015.**

### Risks

Aktia's financial results is affected by many factors, of which the most important are the general economic situation, fluctuations in share prices, interest rates and exchange rates, as well as the competitive situation. The demand for banking, insurance, asset management and real estate agency services can be changed by these factors.

Successful implementation of the core banking system is a critical factor for Aktia's aim to achieve better cost efficiency and attain its future growth targets.

Changes in interest rates, yield curves and credit margins are hard to predict and can affect Aktia's interest margins and thus profitability. Aktia is pursuing a proactive management of interest rate risk.

Any future write-downs on credits in Aktia's loan portfolio could be due to many factors, of which the most important are the general economic situation, the interest rate level, the level of unemployment and changes in house prices.

The availability of liquidity on the financial market is important for Aktia's refinancing activities. Like other banks, Aktia relies on deposits from households to service some of its liquidity needs.

The market value of Aktia's financial and other assets can change, among other things, as a result of requirements among investors for higher returns.

The financial crisis has resulted in many new initiatives for the regulation of banking and insurance operations, first and foremost the Basel III regulatory framework. This has led to more stringent capital and liquidity requirements for the bank. The new regulations have also resulted in increased competition for deposits, higher demands on long-term financing and higher fixed costs.

## Financial objectives 2018

Within the framework of the present strategy "Growth 2018", adopted in February 2015, the following financial objectives have been set:

- Improve cost-to-income ratio by at least 10%
- Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Ratio (CET 1) of 15% at a minimum
- Improve Return on Equity (ROE) to at least 9%
- Dividend pay-out of at least 50% of the profit for the year

## Key figures

(EUR million)	Jan-Jun 2016	Jan-Jun 2015	Δ%	2Q2016	1Q2016	4Q2015	3Q2015
Earnings per share (EPS), EUR	0.45	0.45	0%	0.27	0.18	0.13	0.20
Total earnings per share, EUR	0.54	0.14	294%	0.24	0.30	0.05	0.16
Equity per share (NAV), EUR <sup>1</sup>	9.15	9.05	1%	9.15	9.56	9.26	9.20
Average number of shares (excl. treasury shares), million <sup>2</sup>	66.5	66.5	0%	66.5	66.5	66.5	66.5
Number of shares at the end of the period (excl. treasury shares), million <sup>1</sup>	66.6	66.6	0%	66.6	66.6	66.4	66.5
Return on equity (ROE), %	9.8	8.7	13%	11.6	7.6	5.4	8.0
Return on assets (ROA), %	0.61	0.57	7%	0.74	0.48	0.35	0.53
Cost-to-income ratio	0.67	0.67	0%	0.62	0.72	0.78	0.66
Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio (Bank Group), % <sup>1</sup>	19.7	22.4	-12%	19.7	19.5	20.7	20.5
Tier 1 capital ratio (Bank Group), % <sup>1</sup>	19.7	22.5	-12%	19.7	19.5	20.7	20.5
Capital adequacy ratio (Bank Group), % <sup>1</sup>	26.2	27.7	-6%	26.2	25.6	27.1	25.8
Risk-weighted commitments (Bank Group) <sup>1</sup>	2,072.9	2,164.5	-4%	2,072.9	2,128.5	1,998.8	2,126.3
Capital adequacy ratio (finance and insurance conglomerate), % <sup>1</sup>	186.4	225.7	-17%	186.4	187.4	226.7	223.5
Equity ratio, % <sup>1</sup>	6.2	6.4	-3%	6.2	6.5	6.0	6.6
Group financial assets <sup>1</sup>	2,692.1	3,087.9	-13%	2,692.1	2,864.7	2,994.4	2,949.5
Assets under Management <sup>1</sup>	7,298.4	7,156.2	2%	7,298.4	7,179.0	7,138.2	6,815.1
Borrowing from the public <sup>1</sup>	4,235.4	3,957.5	7%	4,235.4	3,969.4	3,922.0	3,920.0
Lending to the public <sup>1</sup>	5,987.0	5,975.3	0%	5,987.0	5,861.7	5,856.3	5,934.4
Premiums written before reinsurers' share	58.2	105.4	-45%	24.7	33.6	42.9	26.6
Expense ratio, % (life insurance company) <sup>2</sup>	85.6	85.3	0%	85.6	86.1	83.8	84.9
Solvency ratio (according to Solvency II, life insurance company), % <sup>3</sup>	154.5	-	-	154.5	160.8	175.8	-
Solvency II capital (life insurance company) <sup>3</sup>	131.9	-	-	131.9	131.4	143.2	-
Solvency ratio (according to Solvency I, life insurance company), % <sup>3</sup>	-	21.5	-	-	-	22.3	22.3
Solvency margin (according to Solvency I, life insurance company) <sup>3</sup>	-	126.9	-	-	-	130.4	128.9
Investments at fair value (life insurance company) <sup>1</sup>	1,265.6	1,237.7	2%	1,265.6	1,238.0	1,225.7	1,198.2
Technical provisions for risk insurances and interest-related insurances <sup>1</sup>	457.0	478.2	-4%	457.0	464.7	468.3	473.2
Technical provisions for unit-linked insurances <sup>1</sup>	672.1	644.4	4%	672.1	659.7	662.2	613.8
Group's personnel (FTEs), average number of employees	927	942	-2%	929	924	919	949
Group's personnel (FTEs), at the end of the period	968	974	-1%	968	924	920	916

<sup>1</sup> At the end of the period

<sup>2</sup> Cumulative from the beginning of the year

<sup>3</sup> From 2016 onwards the life insurance company's solvency ratio is calculated according to Solvency II rules.  
Solvency ratio (according to Solvency II) = Solvency II capital / Solvency capital requirement (SCR)

Other formulas for key figures are presented in AktiaBank plc's annual report 2015 page 27.



## Consolidated income statement

(EUR million)	Jan-Jun 2016	Jan-Jun 2015	Δ%	2015
Net interest income	48.7	49.8	-2%	97.3
Dividends	0.0	0.1	-36%	0.1
Commission income	43.9	46.3	-5%	89.9
Commission expenses	-4.4	-5.0	13%	-9.9
Net commission income	39.6	41.3	-4%	80.0
Net income from life insurance	12.8	12.8	0%	24.9
Net income from financial transactions	8.0	2.8	190%	3.7
Net income from investment properties	0.0	-0.4	-	-0.4
Other operating income	0.8	0.8	-1%	2.8
<b>Total operating income</b>	<b>109.8</b>	<b>107.1</b>	<b>2%</b>	<b>208.4</b>
Staff costs	-36.3	-36.7	-1%	-72.7
IT-expenses	-13.8	-12.5	11%	-26.9
Depreciation of tangible and intangible assets	-4.2	-4.2	1%	-8.1
Other operating expenses	-19.0	-18.2	4%	-36.8
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>-73.3</b>	<b>-71.5</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>-144.4</b>
Write-downs on credits and other commitments	-0.2	0.4	-	-0.3
Share of profit from associated companies	0.7	0.6	23%	0.6
<b>Operating profit</b>	<b>37.0</b>	<b>36.7</b>	<b>1%</b>	<b>64.2</b>
Taxes	-7.1	-7.2	-1%	-12.6
<b>Profit for the period</b>	<b>29.9</b>	<b>29.5</b>	<b>1%</b>	<b>51.6</b>
<b>Attributable to:</b>				
Shareholders in Aktia Bank plc	29.9	29.8	0%	52.0
Non-controlling interest	-	-0.4	-	-0.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>29.9</b>	<b>29.5</b>	<b>1%</b>	<b>51.6</b>
Earnings per share (EPS), EUR	0.45	0.45	0%	0.78
Earnings per share (EPS), EUR, after dilution	0.45	0.45	0%	0.78

## Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

(EUR million)	Jan-Jun 2016	Jan-Jun 2015	Δ%	2015
Profit for the period	29.9	29.5	1%	51.6
<b>Other comprehensive income after taxes:</b>				
Change in valuation of fair value for financial assets available for sale	10.2	-16.2	-	-21.4
Change in valuation of fair value for financial assets held until maturity	-1.3	-1.8	29%	-3.7
Change in valuation of fair value for cash flow hedging	-0.1	-	-	0.1
Transferred to the income statement for financial assets available for sale	-3.0	-2.6	-16%	-3.8
Transferred to the income statement for cash flow hedging	-	-0.1	-	-0.1
Comprehensive income from items which can be transferred to the income statement	5.8	-20.7	-	-28.9
Defined benefit plan pensions	-	-	-	0.0
Comprehensive income from items which can not be transferred to the income statement	-	-	-	0.0
<b>Total comprehensive income for the period</b>	<b>35.7</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>305%</b>	<b>22.7</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income attributable to:</b>				
Shareholders in Aktia Bank plc	35.7	9.1	294%	23.0
Non-controlling interest	-	-0.2	-	-0.3
<b>Total</b>	<b>35.7</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>305%</b>	<b>22.7</b>
Total earnings per share, EUR	0.54	0.14	294%	0.35
Total earnings per share, EUR, after dilution	0.54	0.14	294%	0.35

## Consolidated balance sheet

(EUR million)	30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015	Δ%	30 Jun 2015
<b>Assets</b>				
Cash and balances with central banks	286.5	268.4	7%	195.3
Interest-bearing securities	1,791.2	2,103.2	-15%	2,245.7
Shares and participations	101.4	94.4	7%	115.1
Financial assets available for sale	1,892.6	2,197.6	-14%	2,360.7
Financial assets held until maturity	470.6	481.7	-2%	485.1
Derivative instruments	164.3	172.5	-5%	170.2
Lending to Bank of Finland and credit institutions	51.4	43.9	17%	38.4
Lending to the public and public sector entities	5,987.0	5,856.3	2%	5,975.3
Loans and other receivables	6,038.3	5,900.2	2%	6,013.6
Investments for unit-linked insurances	674.2	667.7	1%	647.3
Investments in associated companies	0.0	0.0	-	0.0
Intangible assets	58.1	50.8	14%	44.0
Investment properties	55.7	53.7	4%	60.4
Other tangible assets	8.8	8.7	1%	7.7
Accrued income and advance payments	47.7	51.6	-8%	55.5
Other assets	23.2	18.2	28%	68.5
Total other assets	70.9	69.8	2%	123.9
Income tax receivables	0.9	0.8	13%	3.7
Deferred tax receivables	8.2	9.7	-16%	11.2
Tax receivables	9.1	10.5	-14%	15.0
Assets classified as held for sale	-	-	-	0.0
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>9,729.1</b>	<b>9,881.5</b>	<b>-2%</b>	<b>10,123.2</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Liabilities to Bank of Finland and credit institutions	575.9	474.8	21%	659.8
Liabilities to the public and public sector entities	4,235.4	3,922.0	8%	3,957.5
Deposits	4,811.2	4,396.8	9%	4,617.2
Derivative instruments	69.0	86.2	-20%	107.0
Debt securities issued	2,517.6	3,033.4	-17%	3,043.2
Subordinated liabilities	235.1	235.0	0%	217.3
Other liabilities to credit institutions	82.9	84.8	-2%	91.8
Other liabilities to the public and public sector entities	43.0	74.0	-42%	84.4
Other financial liabilities	2,878.5	3,427.2	-16%	3,436.7
Technical provisions for risk insurances and interest-related insurances	457.0	468.3	-2%	478.2
Technical provisions for unit-linked insurances	672.1	662.2	1%	644.4
Technical provisions	1,129.1	1,130.5	0%	1,122.6
Accrued expenses and income received in advance	53.7	62.7	-14%	57.2
Other liabilities	113.7	101.9	12%	53.1
Total other liabilities	167.5	164.6	2%	110.3
Provisions	2.0	2.3	-16%	2.4
Income tax liabilities	1.3	0.9	35%	1.1
Deferred tax liabilities	61.4	57.7	6%	57.5
Tax liabilities	62.6	58.7	7%	58.6
Liabilities for assets classified as held for sale	-	-	-	0.0
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>9,119.9</b>	<b>9,266.3</b>	<b>-2%</b>	<b>9,454.7</b>
<b>Equity</b>				
Restricted equity	243.9	238.1	2%	246.3
Unrestricted equity	365.3	377.1	-3%	355.7
Shareholders' share of equity	609.2	615.2	-1%	602.0
Non-controlling interest's share of equity	-	-	-	66.4
<b>Equity</b>	<b>609.2</b>	<b>615.2</b>	<b>-1%</b>	<b>668.4</b>
<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>	<b>9,729.1</b>	<b>9,881.5</b>	<b>-2%</b>	<b>10,123.2</b>

## Consolidated statement of changes in equity

(EUR million)	Share capital	Other restricted equity	Fund at fair value	Fund for share-based payments	Unrestricted equity reserve	Retained earnings	Shareholders share of equity	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
<b>Equity as at 1 Jan 2015</b>	<b>163.0</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>104.1</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>115.0</b>	<b>239.7</b>	<b>623.9</b>	<b>66.9</b>	<b>690.9</b>
Acquisition of treasury shares						-1.3	-1.3		-1.3
Divestment of treasury shares					0.1	1.1	1.2		1.2
Dividend to shareholders						-31.9	-31.9	-0.3	-32.2
<i>Profit for the year</i>						<b>52.0</b>	<b>52.0</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>51.6</b>
<i>Financial assets available for sale</i>			-25.2				-25.2	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-25.2</b>
<i>Financial assets held until maturity</i>			-3.7				-3.7		-3.7
<i>Cash flow hedging</i>			-0.1				-0.1	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>
<i>Defined benefit plan pensions</i>						<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>		<b>0.0</b>
Total comprehensive income for the year		-0.3	-29.0	0.3		52.0	23.0	-0.3	22.7
Other change in equity *)						0.3	0.3	-66.4	-66.1
<b>Equity as at 31 Dec 2015</b>	<b>163.0</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>75.1</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>115.1</b>	<b>259.9</b>	<b>615.2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>615.2</b>
<b>Equity as at 1 Jan 2016</b>	<b>163.0</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>75.1</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>115.1</b>	<b>259.9</b>	<b>615.2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>615.2</b>
Divestment of treasury shares					-0.1	1.5	1.3		1.3
Dividend to shareholders						-35.9	-35.9		-35.9
Capital return to shareholders					-6.7	-	-6.7		-6.7
<i>Profit for the period</i>			7.2			<b>29.9</b>	<b>29.9</b>		<b>29.9</b>
<i>Financial assets available for sale</i>			-1.3				7.2		7.2
<i>Financial assets held until maturity</i>			-0.1				-1.3		-1.3
<i>Cash flow hedging</i>							-0.1		-0.1
Total comprehensive income for the period			5.8	-0.5		29.9	35.7		35.7
Other change in equity						-0.5	-0.5		-0.5
<b>Equity as at 30 Jun 2016</b>	<b>163.0</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>80.9</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>108.3</b>	<b>255.3</b>	<b>609.2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>609.2</b>
<b>Equity as at 1 Jan 2015</b>	<b>163.0</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>104.1</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>115.0</b>	<b>239.7</b>	<b>623.9</b>	<b>66.9</b>	<b>690.9</b>
Divestment of treasury shares					0.1	1.1	1.2		1.2
Dividend to shareholders						-31.9	-31.9	-0.3	-32.2
<i>Profit for the period</i>						<b>29.8</b>	<b>29.8</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>29.5</b>
<i>Financial assets available for sale</i>			-18.7				-18.7	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-18.7</b>
<i>Financial assets held until maturity</i>			-1.8				-1.8		-1.8
<i>Cash flow hedging</i>			-0.2				-0.2	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-0.1</b>
Total comprehensive income for the period		-0.3	-20.8	-0.3		29.8	9.1	-0.2	8.8
Other change in equity						0.3	-0.3	0.0	-0.3
<b>Equity as at 30 Jun 2015</b>	<b>163.0</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>83.3</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>115.1</b>	<b>239.0</b>	<b>602.0</b>	<b>66.4</b>	<b>668.4</b>

\*) On 8 October 2015, Aktia Bank signed an agreement with the savings banks and POP Banks to acquire the other owners' holdings in Aktia Real Estate Mortgage Bank plc. As from the agreement of sale, the other owners' holdings are for Aktia Real Estate Mortgage Bank reported as a liability to the owners (before the agreement the other owners' holdings were reported as non-controlling interest's share of equity).

## Consolidated cash flow statement

(EUR million)	Jan-Jun 2016	Jan-Jun 2015	Δ%	2015
<b>Cash flow from operating activities</b>				
Operating profit	37.0	36.7	1%	64.2
Adjustment items not included in cash flow	-5.7	-3.1	-87%	-7.1
Paid income taxes	-3.0	-4.3	31%	-3.2
<b>Cash flow from operating activities before change in receivables and liabilities</b>	<b>28.3</b>	<b>29.3</b>	<b>-3%</b>	<b>53.9</b>
Increase (-) or decrease (+) in receivables from operating activities	183.6	309.9	-41%	591.9
Increase (+) or decrease (-) in liabilities from operating activities	-138.4	-501.0	72%	-746.7
<b>Total cash flow from operating activities</b>	<b>73.5</b>	<b>-161.8</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-100.8</b>
<b>Cash flow from investing activities</b>				
Investments in business operations	-	-	-	-3.7
Proceeds from sale of group companies and associated companies	-	14.3	-	15.6
Investment in investment properties	-2.3	-3.7	38%	-
Investment in tangible and intangible assets	-11.7	-11.3	-3%	-23.0
Proceeds from sale of investment properties	-	0.5	-	0.5
Proceeds from sale of tangible and intangible assets	-	-	-	0.0
<b>Total cash flow from investing activities</b>	<b>-14.0</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-10.7</b>
<b>Cash flow from financing activities</b>				
Subordinated liabilities	0.0	-5.2	-	12.5
Dividend/share issue to the non-controlling interest	-1.1	-0.3	-337%	-0.3
Acquisition of treasury shares	-	-	-	-1.3
Divestment of treasury shares	1.3	1.2	10%	1.2
Paid dividends	-35.9	-31.9	-13%	-31.9
Paid capital return	-6.7	-	-	-
<b>Total cash flow from financing activities</b>	<b>-42.4</b>	<b>-36.2</b>	<b>-17%</b>	<b>-19.8</b>
<b>Change in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>17.1</b>	<b>-198.3</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-131.4</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	283.4	414.8	-32%	414.8
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	300.5	216.5	39%	283.4
<b>Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flow statement consist of the following items:</b>				
Cash in hand	6.0	6.6	-8%	7.4
Bank of Finland current account	280.5	188.7	49%	260.9
Repayable on demand claims on credit institutions	14.0	21.2	-34%	15.1
<b>Total</b>	<b>300.5</b>	<b>216.5</b>	<b>39%</b>	<b>283.4</b>
<b>Adjustment items not included in cash flow consist of:</b>				
Impairment of financial assets available for sale	0.3	1.0	-69%	3.2
Write-downs on credits and other commitments	0.2	-0.4	-	0.3
Change in fair values	-0.6	1.2	-	-1.3
Depreciation and impairment of tangible and intangible assets	4.2	4.2	1%	8.1
Result effect from associated companies	-	-0.3	-	-0.3
Sales gains and losses from tangible and intangible assets	-	0.8	-	0.8
Unwound cash flow hedging	-	-0.1	-	-0.1
Unwound fair value hedging	-7.9	-7.9	-1%	-15.9
Change in provisions	-0.4	-1.2	68%	-1.2
Change in fair values of investment properties	0.3	0.3	0%	-1.3
Change in share-based payments	-1.8	-0.7	-152%	0.5
Other adjustments	-0.1	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>-5.7</b>	<b>-3.1</b>	<b>-87%</b>	<b>-7.1</b>

## Quarterly trends in the Group

Income statement (EUR million)	2Q2016	1Q2016	4Q2015	3Q2015	2Q2015	Jan-Jun 2016	Jan-Jun 2015
Net interest income	24.1	24.6	23.7	23.8	24.3	48.7	49.8
Dividends	0.0	0.0	-	-	0.1	0.0	0.1
Net commission income	20.7	18.9	18.9	19.7	21.7	39.6	41.3
Net income from life insurance	6.9	5.9	8.0	4.1	6.0	12.8	12.8
Net income from financial transactions	7.4	0.6	0.1	0.9	1.4	8.0	2.8
Net income from investment properties	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.4
Other operating income	0.4	0.4	1.2	0.8	0.5	0.8	0.8
<b>Total operating income</b>	<b>59.4</b>	<b>50.4</b>	<b>51.9</b>	<b>49.3</b>	<b>54.0</b>	<b>109.8</b>	<b>107.1</b>
Staff costs	-17.9	-18.4	-20.0	-16.0	-18.7	-36.3	-36.7
IT-expenses	-6.7	-7.1	-8.0	-6.4	-5.9	-13.8	-12.5
Depreciation of tangible and intangible assets	-2.1	-2.1	-2.0	-2.0	-2.1	-4.2	-4.2
Other operating expenses	-10.1	-8.9	-10.6	-8.0	-9.1	-19.0	-18.2
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>-36.8</b>	<b>-36.5</b>	<b>-40.5</b>	<b>-32.4</b>	<b>-35.8</b>	<b>-73.3</b>	<b>-71.5</b>
Write-downs on credits and other commitments	-0.1	-0.1	-0.3	-0.5	1.5	-0.2	0.4
Share of profit from associated companies	-	0.7	-	-	-	0.7	0.6
<b>Operating profit</b>	<b>22.4</b>	<b>14.6</b>	<b>11.1</b>	<b>16.4</b>	<b>19.7</b>	<b>37.0</b>	<b>36.7</b>
Taxes	-4.4	-2.7	-2.4	-3.0	-3.3	-7.1	-7.2
<b>Profit for the period</b>	<b>18.0</b>	<b>11.9</b>	<b>8.7</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>16.5</b>	<b>29.9</b>	<b>29.5</b>
<b>Attributable to:</b>							
Shareholders in Aktia Bank plc	18.0	11.9	8.7	13.5	16.8	29.9	29.8
Non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-0.1	-0.3	-	-0.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>18.0</b>	<b>11.9</b>	<b>8.7</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>16.5</b>	<b>29.9</b>	<b>29.5</b>
Earnings per share (EPS), EUR	0.27	0.18	0.13	0.20	0.25	0.45	0.45
Earnings per share (EPS), EUR, after dilution	0.27	0.18	0.13	0.20	0.25	0.45	0.45
<b>Comprehensive income (EUR million)</b>							
Profit for the period	18.0	11.9	8.7	13.4	16.5	29.9	29.5
<b>Other comprehensive income after taxes:</b>							
Change in valuation of fair value for financial assets available for sale	0.6	9.6	-6.6	-1.0	-18.2	10.2	-16.2
Change in valuation of fair value for financial assets held until maturity	-0.9	-0.4	-0.9	-0.9	-0.9	-1.3	-1.8
Change in valuation of fair value for cash flow hedging	0.1	-0.2	0.1	-	-	-0.1	-
Transferred to the income statement for financial assets available for sale	-2.1	-0.9	2.3	-1.1	-2.5	-3.0	-2.6
Transferred to the income statement for cash flow hedging	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0.1
Comprehensive income from items which can be transferred to the income statement	-2.4	8.2	-5.2	-3.1	-21.6	5.8	-20.7
Defined benefit plan pensions	-	-	0.0	-	-	-	-
Comprehensive income from items which can not be transferred to the income statement	-	-	0.0	-	-	-	-
<b>Total comprehensive income for the period</b>	<b>15.6</b>	<b>20.1</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>-5.1</b>	<b>35.7</b>	<b>8.8</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income attributable to:</b>							
Shareholders in Aktia Bank plc	15.6	20.1	3.6	10.4	-4.8	35.7	9.1
Non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-0.1	-0.3	-	-0.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>15.6</b>	<b>20.1</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>-5.1</b>	<b>35.7</b>	<b>8.8</b>
Total earnings per share, EUR	0.24	0.30	0.05	0.16	-0.07	0.54	0.14
Total earnings per share, EUR, after dilution	0.24	0.30	0.05	0.16	-0.07	0.54	0.14

# Notes to the Interim Report

## Note 1. Basis for preparing the Interim Report and important accounting principles

### Basis for preparing the Interim Report

Aktia Bank plc's consolidated financial statement is prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as adopted by the EU.

The Interim Report for the period 1 January – 30 June 2016 has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". The Interim Report does not contain all the information and notes required for an annual report and should therefore be read together with the Aktia Group's annual report of 31 December 2015.

The Interim Report for the period 1 January – 30 June 2016 was approved by the Board of Directors on 10 August 2016.

Aktia Bank plc's financial statements and interim reports are available on Aktia's website [www.aktia.com](http://www.aktia.com).

### Key accounting principles

In preparing the Interim Report the Group has followed the accounting principles applicable to the annual report of 31 December 2015.

As of 1 January 2016 the contents of the segment's has been changed so that administrative units, the net expenses of which are in total allocated to the segment Banking Business, are included directly in Banking Business (previously Miscellaneous). The change has no impact on the segment's operating profit, but as a result of it net expenses, previously reported under other operating expenses, are now reported on separate rows in the income statement of the Banking Business. As of 1 January 2016 the principle for how non-controlling holdings are reported in segment reporting was also changed. Following the change, non-controlling holdings are included in the segments respectively, which affected the operating profit of the segments Banking Business and Asset Management & Life Insurance. The changes have an impact on other assets and liabilities in the segments' balance sheets. The reference period has been reconstructed to comply with these changes.

The following new and amended IFRSs may affect the reporting of future transactions and business:

IFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers replaces all earlier standards and interpretations of recognition of revenue. IFRS 15 includes a complete revenue recognition model, and the standard is not estimated to have significant impact on the recognition of revenue in the Aktia Group. The standard will become mandatory as of 1 January 2018.

IFRS 9 The Financial Instruments standard is the first stage in the process to replace IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and measurement. IFRS 9 introduces new requirements for recognition and measurement of financial assets and liabilities. Aktia's model for risk management and the characteristics of financial instruments in respect of future cash flows will have an impact on Aktia's classification. Aktia's financial assets are expected to be classified at amortised cost and at fair value through other comprehensive income. Based on preliminary surveys the implementation of IFRS 9 is expected to increase reported provisions for credit losses. Hedge accounting according to IFRS 9 is not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's results or financial position. Aktia continues to follow the development of the new standard, evaluating its impact on financial reporting on an on-going basis. The standard has yet to be approved by the EU. Aktia Group plans to apply IFRS 9 when the standard will become mandatory as of 1 January 2018.

On 13 January 2016, IASB published a new standard, IFRS 16 'Leases', to supersede IAS 17 'Leases'. IFRS 16 eliminates the distinction between operating and finance leases for lessees, introducing a new model instead, where assets and liabilities for all leases with lease terms exceeding 12 months shall be reported in the balance sheet. For leases where the lease term is 12 months or less, or where the value of the underlying asset is low, exemptions may be applied. For the leased asset, depreciation and interest expenses relating to the lease liability are reported separately. Lessor accounting remains unchanged from IAS 17, and the distinction between operating and finance leases is retained. Aktia evaluates the impact of the new standard on financial reporting on an on-going basis. The standard has yet to be approved by the EU. The Aktia Group plans to implement IFRS 16 when the standard becomes mandatory as of 1 January 2019.

The Group does not expect other new or revised IFRSs or interpretations from IFRIC (International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee) to have an impact on the Group's future result, financial position or explanatory notes.

## Note 2. Group's segment reporting

Income statement (EUR million)	Banking Business			Asset Management & Life Insurance			Miscellaneous			Eliminations			Group total	
	Jan-Jun 2016	Jan-Jun 2015		Jan-Jun 2016	Jan-Jun 2015		Jan-Jun 2016	Jan-Jun 2015		Jan-Jun 2016	Jan-Jun 2015		Jan-Jun 2016	Jan-Jun 2015
	Jan-Jun 2016	Jan-Jun 2015		Jan-Jun 2016	Jan-Jun 2015		Jan-Jun 2016	Jan-Jun 2015		Jan-Jun 2016	Jan-Jun 2015		Jan-Jun 2016	Jan-Jun 2015
Net interest income	48.5	49.7		0.0	0.0		0.1	0.1		0.0	0.0		48.7	49.8
Net commission income	32.9	34.1		11.8	12.2		0.4	0.4		-5.5	-5.3		39.6	41.3
Net income from life insurance	-	-		11.0	11.2		-	-		1.7	1.6		12.8	12.8
Other income	2.9	3.9		0.0	0.1		5.9	-0.8		0.0	0.0		8.8	3.2
<b>Total operating income</b>	<b>84.3</b>	<b>87.7</b>		<b>22.8</b>	<b>23.5</b>		<b>6.4</b>	<b>-0.3</b>		<b>-3.7</b>	<b>-3.7</b>		<b>109.8</b>	<b>107.1</b>
Staff costs	-29.3	-28.7		-5.7	-5.6		-1.3	-2.3		-	-		-36.3	-36.7
IT-expenses	-11.8	-11.9		-1.0	-0.9		-1.0	0.3		-	-		-13.8	-12.5
Depreciation of tangible and intangible assets	-2.9	-2.8		-0.3	-0.5		-1.0	-0.8		-	-		-4.2	-4.2
Other expenses	-15.4	-14.9		-5.2	-5.2		-2.2	-1.9		3.7	3.7		-19.0	-18.2
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>-59.3</b>	<b>-58.3</b>		<b>-12.2</b>	<b>-12.2</b>		<b>-5.5</b>	<b>-4.7</b>		<b>3.7</b>	<b>3.7</b>		<b>-73.3</b>	<b>-71.5</b>
Write-downs on credits and other commitments	-0.2	0.4		-	-		-	-		-	-		-0.2	0.4
Share of profit from associated companies	-	-		-	-		-	-		0.7	0.6		0.7	0.6
<b>Operating profit</b>	<b>24.8</b>	<b>29.8</b>		<b>10.6</b>	<b>11.3</b>		<b>0.9</b>	<b>-5.1</b>		<b>0.7</b>	<b>0.7</b>		<b>37.0</b>	<b>36.7</b>

Balance sheet (EUR million)	Banking Business			Asset Management & Life Insurance			Miscellaneous			Eliminations			Group total	
	30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015		30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015		30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015		30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015		30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015
	30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015		30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015		30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015		30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015		30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015
Cash and balances with central banks	286.5	268.4		0.0	0.0		-	-		-	-		286.5	268.4
Financial assets available for sale	1,349.6	1,686.1		537.8	507.6		8.8	7.4		-3.6	-3.6		1,892.6	2,197.6
Financial assets held until maturity	470.6	481.7		-	-		-	-		-	-		470.6	481.7
Loans and other receivables	6,024.3	5,889.8		28.8	57.1		6.6	6.6		-21.4	-53.3		6,038.3	5,900.2
Investments for unit-linked insurances	-	-		674.2	667.7		-	-		-	-		674.2	667.7
Other assets	232.0	235.9		73.1	72.5		189.6	184.6		-127.8	-127.0		366.9	366.0
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>8,363.1</b>	<b>8,561.8</b>		<b>1,313.8</b>	<b>1,305.0</b>		<b>205.0</b>	<b>198.7</b>		<b>-152.8</b>	<b>-183.9</b>		<b>9,729.1</b>	<b>9,881.5</b>
Deposits	4,832.7	4,450.2		-	-		0.0	-		-21.4	-53.3		4,811.2	4,396.8
Debt securities issued	2,521.2	3,036.9		-	-		-	-		-3.6	-3.6		2,517.6	3,033.4
Technical provisions	-	-		1,129.1	1,130.5		-	-		-	-		1,129.1	1,130.5
Other liabilities	593.4	644.5		32.7	31.2		41.5	34.8		-5.6	-4.8		662.0	705.7
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>7,947.2</b>	<b>8,131.6</b>		<b>1,161.8</b>	<b>1,161.7</b>		<b>41.5</b>	<b>34.8</b>		<b>-30.6</b>	<b>-61.7</b>		<b>9,119.9</b>	<b>9,266.3</b>



## Note 3. Derivatives and off-balance sheet commitments

### Hedging derivative instruments

(EUR million)

	Total nominal amount	Assets, fair value	Liabilities, fair value
<b>30 June 2016</b>			
<b>Fair value hedging</b>			
Interest rate-related	2,260.0	100.9	5.9
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,260.0</b>	<b>100.9</b>	<b>5.9</b>
<b>Cash flow hedging</b>			
Interest rate-related	85.1	-	0.3
<b>Total</b>	<b>85.1</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0.3</b>
<b>Derivative instruments valued via the income statement</b>			
Interest rate-related *)	1,554.2	61.1	60.8
Currency-related	46.0	0.6	0.4
Equity-related **)	8.3	1.7	1.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,608.5</b>	<b>63.4</b>	<b>62.9</b>
<b>Total derivative instruments</b>			
Interest rate-related	3,899.3	162.0	67.0
Currency-related	46.0	0.6	0.4
Equity-related	8.3	1.7	1.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,953.6</b>	<b>164.3</b>	<b>69.0</b>

### Hedging derivative instruments

(EUR million)

	Total nominal amount	Assets, fair value	Liabilities, fair value
<b>31 December 2015</b>			
<b>Fair value hedging</b>			
Interest rate-related	2,905.0	97.5	12.9
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,905.0</b>	<b>97.5</b>	<b>12.9</b>
<b>Cash flow hedging</b>			
Interest rate-related	85.1	2.0	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>85.1</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Derivative instruments valued via the income statement</b>			
Interest rate-related *)	1,826.5	70.9	70.9
Currency-related	59.9	0.4	0.6
Equity-related **)	15.2	1.7	1.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,901.5</b>	<b>73.0</b>	<b>73.2</b>
<b>Total derivative instruments</b>			
Interest rate-related	4,816.6	170.4	83.8
Currency-related	59.9	0.4	0.6
Equity-related	15.2	1.7	1.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,891.6</b>	<b>172.5</b>	<b>86.2</b>

\*) Interest-linked derivatives include interest rate hedging provided for local banks which after back-to-back hedging with third parties amounted to EUR 1,552.0 (1,824.0) million.

\*\*) All equity-related and other derivative instruments relate to the hedging of structured debt products.

## Off-balance sheet commitments

(EUR million)

	30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015	30 Jun 2015
<b>Commitments provided to a third party on behalf of the customers</b>			
Guarantees	25.8	27.4	24.3
Other commitments provided to a third party	1.2	1.3	1.8
<b>Irrevocable commitments provided on behalf of customers</b>			
Unused credit arrangements	352.7	296.1	301.5
Other commitments provided to a third party	0.8	1.0	1.0
<b>Off-balance sheet commitments</b>	<b>380.6</b>	<b>325.8</b>	<b>328.7</b>

## Note 4. Group's risk exposures

### The Bank Group's Capital Adequacy

Aktia Bank Group implements the internal method for risk classification from 31 March 2015. The Bank Group comprises Aktia Bank plc and all its subsidiaries except Aktia Life Insurance Ltd. and forms a consolidated group in accordance with regulations pertaining to capital adequacy.

(EUR million)	30 Jun 2016		31 Dec 2015		30 Jun 2015	
	The Group	Bank Group	The Group	Bank Group	The Group	Bank Group
<b>Calculation of the Bank Group's capital base</b>						
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>9,729.1</b>	<b>8,493.7</b>	<b>9,881.5</b>	<b>8,686.3</b>	<b>10,123.2</b>	<b>8,916.8</b>
of which intangible assets	58.1	56.9	50.8	49.4	44.0	42.4
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>9,119.9</b>	<b>7,982.7</b>	<b>9,266.3</b>	<b>8,156.3</b>	<b>9,454.7</b>	<b>8,330.0</b>
of which subordinated liabilities	235.1	235.1	235.0	235.0	217.3	217.3
Share capital	163.0	163.0	163.0	163.0	163.0	163.0
Fund at fair value	80.9	21.6	75.1	24.0	83.3	31.0
Other restricted equity	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total restricted equity	243.9	184.6	238.1	187.0	246.3	194.0
Unrestricted equity reserve and other funds	110.0	110.0	117.3	117.3	116.7	116.7
Retained earnings	225.4	191.2	207.9	179.5	209.1	180.8
Profit for the reporting period	29.9	25.1	52.0	46.1	29.8	28.9
Unrestricted equity	365.3	326.3	377.1	342.9	355.7	326.4
Shareholders' share of equity	609.2	510.9	615.2	530.0	602.0	520.4
Non-controlling interest's share of equity	-	-	-	-	66.4	66.4
<b>Equity</b>	<b>609.2</b>	<b>510.9</b>	<b>615.2</b>	<b>530.0</b>	<b>668.4</b>	<b>586.8</b>
<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>	<b>9,729.1</b>	<b>8,493.7</b>	<b>9,881.5</b>	<b>8,686.3</b>	<b>10,123.2</b>	<b>8,916.8</b>
<b>Off-balance sheet commitments</b>	<b>380.6</b>	<b>379.8</b>	<b>325.8</b>	<b>324.8</b>	<b>328.7</b>	<b>327.6</b>
<b>Equity in the Bank Group</b>		<b>510.9</b>		<b>530.0</b>		<b>586.8</b>
Provision for dividends to shareholders		-21.1		-43.7		-18.7
Intangible assets		-56.9		-49.4		-42.4
Non-controlling interest's share of equity*		-		-		-21.6
Debentures		135.5		128.4		113.2
Additional expected losses according to IRB		-20.8		-19.2		-17.9
Deduction for significant holdings in financial sector entities		-4.9		-4.4		-
Other incl. unpaid dividend 2015		0.5		0.0		1.0
<b>Total capital base (CET1 + AT1 + T2)</b>		<b>543.2</b>		<b>541.7</b>		<b>600.4</b>

\*Following the agreement on acquisition of minority shares in Aktia Real Estate Mortgage Bank, the minority shares' proportion of Aktia Real Estate Mortgage Bank's equity (non-controlling interest) has been deducted from the Bank Group's capital base.

### The financial conglomerate's capital adequacy

	30 Jun 2016	31 Mar 2016	31 Dec 2015	30 Sep 2015	30 Jun 2015
<b>Summary</b>					
The Group's equity	609.2	636.1	615.2	678.0	668.4
Sector-specific assets	143.6	139.3	128.4	114.2	113.2
Intangible assets and other reduction items	-212.2	-227.4	-212.7	-240.7	-217.0
<b>Conglomerate's total capital base</b>	<b>540.7</b>	<b>547.9</b>	<b>530.9</b>	<b>551.6</b>	<b>564.6</b>
Capital requirement for banking business	204.7	210.7	199.4	212.1	215.1
Capital requirement for insurance business*	85.4	81.7	34.8	34.6	35.1
<b>Minimum amount for capital base</b>	<b>290.1</b>	<b>292.4</b>	<b>234.2</b>	<b>246.8</b>	<b>250.2</b>
<b>Conglomerate's capital adequacy</b>	<b>250.6</b>	<b>255.5</b>	<b>296.7</b>	<b>304.8</b>	<b>314.4</b>
Capital adequacy ratio, %	186.4%	187.4%	226.7%	223.5%	225.7%

\* From 1 January 2016 Solvency II requirement (SCR)

The conglomerate's capital adequacy is based on consolidation method and is calculated according to the rules of the Finnish Act on the Supervision of Financial and Insurance Conglomerates and the standards of the Finnish Financial Supervision Authority.

## The Bank Group

	(EUR million)				
	30 Jun 2016	31 Mar 2016	31 Dec 2015	30 Sep 2015	30 Jun 2015
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital before regulatory adjustments	489.8	492.5	486.3	500.9	545.1
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital regulatory adjustments	-82.1	-77.8	-73.0	-65.5	-59.3
<b>Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (CET1)</b>	<b>407.7</b>	<b>414.7</b>	<b>413.4</b>	<b>435.4</b>	<b>485.8</b>
Additional Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	-	-	-	-	0.6
Additional Tier 1 capital regulatory adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Additional Tier 1 capital after regulatory adjustments (AT1)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0.6</b>
<b>Total Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1)</b>	<b>407.7</b>	<b>414.7</b>	<b>413.4</b>	<b>435.4</b>	<b>486.4</b>
Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments	135.5	130.9	128.4	114.2	114.0
Tier 2 capital regulatory adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Tier 2 capital (T2)</b>	<b>135.5</b>	<b>130.9</b>	<b>128.4</b>	<b>114.2</b>	<b>114.0</b>
<b>Total Own funds (TC = T1 + T2)</b>	<b>543.2</b>	<b>545.6</b>	<b>541.7</b>	<b>549.6</b>	<b>600.4</b>
<b>Total Risk weighted exposures</b>	<b>2 072.9</b>	<b>2,128.5</b>	<b>1,998.8</b>	<b>2,126.3</b>	<b>2,164.5</b>
of which credit risk, the standardised approach	712.6	735.2	643.2	751.6	779.3
of which credit risk, the IRBA approach	1 004.2	1,037.1	999.4	1,011.5	1,022.1
of which market risk	-	-	-	-	-
of which operational risk	356.1	356.1	356.1	363.2	363.2
Own funds requirement (8%)	165.8	170.3	159.9	170.1	173.2
Own funds buffer	377.3	375.3	381.8	379.5	427.3
CET1 Capital ratio	19.7%	19.5%	20.7%	20.5%	22.4%
T1 Capital ratio	19.7%	19.5%	20.7%	20.5%	22.5%
Total capital ratio	26.2%	25.6%	27.1%	25.8%	27.7%
<b>Own funds floor (CRR article 500)</b>					
Own funds	543.2	545.6	541.7	549.6	600.4
Own funds floor *	187.8	22.8	185.8	195.1	198.1
Own funds buffer	355.4	522.8	355.9	354.5	402.4

\* 80% of the capital requirement based on standardised approach (8%)

Calculation of capital adequacy is made using ratings from Moody's Investors Services to define risk weight of exposures.

## The Bank Group's risk-weighted amount for operational risks

	(EUR million)							
Risk-weighted amount for operational risks	2013*	2014	2015	Jun 2016	Mar 2016	Dec 2015	Sep 2015	Jun 2015
Gross income	196.4	186.5	187.0					
- average 3 years			189.9					
Capital requirement for operational risk				28.5	28.5	28.5	29.1	29.1
Risk-weighted amount				356.1	356.1	356.1	363.2	363.2

\* Recalculated after transfer of the banking business of Vöyrin Säästöpankki to Aktia Bank plc and the merger with Saaristosäästöpankki Oy.

The capital requirement for operational risk is 15% of average gross income during the last three years.

The risk-weighted amount is calculated by dividing the capital requirement by 8%.

The Bank Group's total exposures	30 June 2016				(EUR million)
	Contractual exposure	Exposure at default	Risk weight, %	Risk-weighted amount	Capital requirement 8%
<b>Exposure class</b>					
<b>Credit risk, IRB approach</b>					
Retail - Secured by immovable property non-SME	4,982.4	4,977.1	15%	733.5	58.7
Retail - Secured by immovable property SME	160.8	160.0	53%	84.6	6.8
Retail - Other non-SME	93.0	87.6	38%	33.7	2.7
Retail - Other SME	23.1	21.2	79%	16.6	1.3
Equity exposures	50.1	50.1	271%	135.8	10.9
<b>Total exposures, IRB approach</b>	<b>5,309.5</b>	<b>5,296.0</b>	<b>19%</b>	<b>1,004.2</b>	<b>80.3</b>
<b>Credit risk, standardised approach</b>					
States and central banks	407.8	529.4	0%	-	-
Regional governments and local authorities	190.4	208.6	0%	0.2	0.0
Multilateral development banks	52.2	52.2	0%	-	-
International organisations	159.3	159.3	0%	-	-
Credit institutions	732.7	382.8	31%	119.7	9.6
Corporates	271.6	132.4	99%	131.3	10.5
Retail exposures	242.1	101.8	69%	70.2	5.6
Secured by immovable property	646.0	605.2	37%	225.4	18.0
Past due items	39.7	10.7	107%	11.4	0.9
Covered bonds	929.8	929.8	10%	93.0	7.4
Other items	62.3	55.7	54%	29.9	2.4
<b>Total exposures, standardised approach</b>	<b>3,734.0</b>	<b>3,167.9</b>	<b>21%</b>	<b>681.1</b>	<b>54.5</b>
<b>Total risk exposures</b>	<b>9,043.4</b>	<b>8,463.9</b>	<b>20%</b>	<b>1,685.3</b>	<b>134.8</b>

The Bank Group's total exposures	31 December 2015				(EUR million)
	Contractual exposure	Exposure at default	Risk weight, %	Risk-weighted amount	Capital requirement 8%
<b>Exposure class</b>					
<b>Credit risk, IRB approach</b>					
Retail - Secured by immovable property non-SME	5,012.2	5,006.8	15%	732.1	58.6
Retail - Secured by immovable property SME	162.2	161.3	52%	84.5	6.8
Retail - Other non-SME	89.4	83.5	39%	32.2	2.6
Retail - Other SME	24.1	22.0	84%	18.5	1.5
Equity exposures	49.3	49.3	268%	132.1	10.6
<b>Total exposures, IRB approach</b>	<b>5,337.3</b>	<b>5,323.0</b>	<b>19%</b>	<b>999.4</b>	<b>80.0</b>
<b>Credit risk, standardised approach</b>					
States and central banks	390.0	498.0	0%	-	-
Regional governments and local authorities	205.1	225.9	0%	0.2	0.0
Multilateral development banks	65.0	65.0	0%	-	-
International organisations	159.5	159.5	0%	-	-
Credit institutions	864.8	469.5	31%	144.1	11.5
Corporates	199.2	66.2	96%	63.8	5.1
Retail exposures	237.4	99.8	70%	69.7	5.6
Secured by immovable property	501.9	476.9	39%	184.4	14.8
Past due items	44.8	11.2	109%	12.2	1.0
Covered bonds	1,183.8	1,183.8	10%	118.4	9.5
Other items	55.9	49.2	46%	22.5	1.8
<b>Total exposures, standardised approach</b>	<b>3,907.5</b>	<b>3,304.9</b>	<b>19%</b>	<b>615.4</b>	<b>49.2</b>
<b>Total risk exposures</b>	<b>9,244.7</b>	<b>8,627.9</b>	<b>19%</b>	<b>1,614.8</b>	<b>129.2</b>

## Note 5. Financial assets and liabilities

### Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

(EUR million)	30 June 2016		31 December 2015	
Financial assets	Book value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value
Cash and balances with central banks	286.5	286.5	268.4	268.4
Financial assets available for sale	1,892.6	1,892.6	2,197.6	2,197.6
Financial assets held until maturity	470.6	486.4	481.7	496.1
Derivative instruments	164.3	164.3	172.5	172.5
Loans and other receivables	6,038.3	6,004.7	5,900.2	5,841.1
<b>Total</b>	<b>8,852.3</b>	<b>8,834.5</b>	<b>9,020.3</b>	<b>8,975.7</b>
Investments for unit-linked insurances	674.2	674.2	667.7	667.7
<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
Deposits	4,811.2	4,782.2	4,396.8	4,358.6
Derivative instruments	69.0	69.0	86.2	86.2
Debt securities issued	2,517.6	2,510.6	3,033.4	3,035.3
Subordinated liabilities	235.1	241.9	235.0	239.2
Other liabilities to credit institutions	82.9	86.1	84.8	86.9
Other liabilities to the public and public sector entities	43.0	43.0	74.0	74.0
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,758.8</b>	<b>7,732.9</b>	<b>7,910.2</b>	<b>7,880.2</b>

In the table, the fair value and the book value of the financial assets and liabilities, are presented per balance sheet item. The fair values are determined both for agreements with fixed and variable interest rates. The fair values are calculated without accrued interest and without the effect of possible hedging derivatives attributable to the balance sheet item.

Fair values on investment assets are primarily determined by market prices quoted on the active market. If quoted market prices are not available, the value of the balance sheet items is mainly determined by discounting future cash flows using market interest rates on the day the accounts were closed. In addition to the credit risk profile of current stock, costs for re-financing are considered in the discount rate when determining fair values on loans. For cash and balances with central banks, the nominal value is used as fair value.

For deposits repayable on demand, the nominal value is assumed to be equivalent to the fair value. Deposits with maturity are determined by discounting future cash flows at market interest rates on the day the accounts were closed. The fair value of issued debts is mainly determined based on quotes on the market. In the discount rate for unquoted issued debts and subordinated liabilities, a marginal corresponding the seniority of the instrument is applied.

Derivatives are valued at fair value corresponding to quotes on the market.

## Measurement of financial assets at fair value

**Level 1** consists of financial instruments that are valued using prices listed on an active market. In an active market transactions occur with sufficient volume and frequency to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. This category includes listed bonds and other securities, listed equity instruments and derivatives, for which tradable price quotes exist.

**Level 2** consists of financial instruments that do not have directly accessible listed prices from an effective market. The fair value has been determined by using valuation techniques, which are based on assumptions supported by observable market prices. Such market information may include listed interest rates, for example, or prices for closely related instruments. This category includes the majority of OTC derivative instruments, as well as many other instruments that are not traded on an active market. In addition, the Bank makes an independent valuation adjustment to the market value of the outstanding OTC derivatives for the total credit risk component (counterparty credit risk as well as own credit risk). The valuation adjustment is booked in the income statement.

**Level 3** consists of financial instruments for which the fair value cannot be obtained directly from quoted market prices or indirectly by using valuation techniques or models supported by observable market prices on rates. This category mainly includes unlisted equity instruments and funds, and other unlisted funds and securities where there currently are no fixed prices.

(EUR million)	30 June 2016				31 December 2015			
	Fair value classified into				Fair value classified into			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<b>Financial instruments measured at fair value</b>								
<b>Financial assets valued via the income statement</b>								
Interest-bearing securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shares and participations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Financial assets available for sale</b>								
Interest-bearing securities	1,492.5	113.0	185.7	1,791.2	1,745.1	186.0	172.1	2,103.2
Shares and participations	62.3	-	39.0	101.4	55.9	-	38.5	94.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,554.8</b>	<b>113.0</b>	<b>224.7</b>	<b>1,892.6</b>	<b>1,801.0</b>	<b>186.0</b>	<b>210.6</b>	<b>2,197.6</b>
Derivative instrument, net	0.3	95.0	-	95.3	-0.3	86.6	-	86.3
<b>Totalt</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>95.0</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>95.3</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>86.6</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>86.3</b>
Investments for unit-linked insurances	674.2	-	-	674.2	667.7	-	-	667.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,229.3</b>	<b>208.0</b>	<b>224.7</b>	<b>2,662.0</b>	<b>2,468.5</b>	<b>272.6</b>	<b>210.6</b>	<b>2,951.7</b>

### Transfers between levels 1 and 2

Transfers between levels may occur when there are indications of changes in market conditions, e.g. when instruments cease to be actively traded. During the period no transfers between level 1 and level 2 has occurred.

Aktia Group's Risk control has the responsibility for classifying financial instrument into levels 1, 2 and 3. The valuation process, which is made on an ongoing basis, is the same for financial instruments in all levels. The process determines to which level a financial instrument will be classified. In cases where internal assumptions have a material impact on fair value, the financial instrument is reported in level 3. The process also includes an evaluation based on the quality of the valuation data, if a class of financial instrument is to be transferred between levels.

## Changes within level 3

The following table shows a reconciliation from period to period of level 3 Financial assets reported at fair value.

Reconciliation of the changes taken place for financial instruments which belong to level 3  (EUR million)	Financial assets valued via the income statement			Financial assets available for sale			Total		
	Interest-bearing securities	Shares and participations	Total	Interest-bearing securities	Shares and participations	Total	Interest-bearing securities	Shares and participations	Total
Carrying amount 1 Jan 2016	-	-	-	172.1	38.5	210.6	172.1	38.5	210.6
New purchases	-	-	-	14.0	-	14.0	14.0	-	14.0
Sales	-	-	-	-	-0.2	-0.2	-	-0.2	-0.2
Matured during the year	-	-	-	-0.4	-0.1	-0.5	-0.4	-0.1	-0.5
Realised value change in the income statement	-	-	-	-	-0.2	-0.2	-	-0.2	-0.2
Unrealised value change in the income statement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Value change recognised in the total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	-	1.0	1.0
Transfer from level 1 and 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to level 1 and 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Carrying amount 30 Jun 2016</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>185.7</b>	<b>39.0</b>	<b>224.7</b>	<b>185.7</b>	<b>39.0</b>	<b>224.7</b>

## Sensitivity analysis for level 3 Financial instruments

The value of financial instruments reported at fair value in the balance sheet includes instruments, that have been valued partly or in total, using techniques based on assumptions not supported by observable market prices.

This information shows the effect that relative uncertainty can have on the fair value of financial instruments whose valuation is dependent on non-observable parameters. The information should not be seen as predictions or as an indication of future changes in fair value.

The following table shows the sensitivity of fair value in level 3 instruments in the event of market changes. Interest-bearing securities have been tested by assuming a 3 percentage points parallel shift of the interest rate in all maturities. At the same time the market prices for shares and participations are assumed to change by 20%. These assumptions would mean a result or valuation effect via the fund at fair value corresponding to 2.5 (2.4)% of the finance and insurance conglomerate's own funds.

Sensitivity analysis for financial instruments belonging to level 3  (EUR million)	30 June 2016			31 December 2015		
	Effect at an assumed movement			Effect at an assumed movement		
	Carrying amount	Positive	Negative	Carrying amount	Positive	Negative
<b>Financial assets valued via the income statement</b>						
Interest-bearing securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shares and participations	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Financial assets available for sale</b>						
Interest-bearing securities	185.7	5.6	-5.6	172.1	5.2	-5.2
Shares and participations	39.0	7.8	-7.8	38.5	7.7	-7.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>224.7</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>-13.4</b>	<b>210.6</b>	<b>12.9</b>	<b>-12.9</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>224.7</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>-13.4</b>	<b>210.6</b>	<b>12.9</b>	<b>-12.9</b>



## Set off of financial assets and liabilities

(EUR million)	30 June 2016		31 December 2015	
	Derivatives	Reverse repurchase agreements	Derivatives	Reverse repurchase agreements
<b>Assets</b>				
Financial assets included in general agreements on set off or similar agreements	164.3	-	172.5	-
Set off amount	-	-	-	-
<b>Value recognised in the balance sheet</b>	<b>164.3</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>172.5</b>	<b>-</b>
Amount not set off but included in general agreements on set off or similar	11.1	-	15.3	-
Collateral assets	149.5	-	158.0	-
<b>Total amount of sums not set off in the balance sheet</b>	<b>160.6</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>173.4</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Net amount</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-0.9</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Financial liabilities included in general agreements on set off or similar agreements	69.0	-	86.2	-
Set off amount	-	-	-	-
<b>Value recognised in the balance sheet</b>	<b>69.0</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>86.2</b>	<b>-</b>
Amount not set off but included in general agreements on set off or similar	11.1	-	15.3	-
Collateral liabilities	37.4	-	44.1	-
<b>Total amount of sums not set off in the balance sheet</b>	<b>48.5</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>59.4</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Net amount</b>	<b>20.5</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>26.7</b>	<b>-</b>

The table shows financial assets and liabilities that are presented net in the balance sheet or with potential rights to set-off associated with enforceable master netting arrangements or similar arrangements, together with related collateral. The net amounts show the exposure under normal business conditions as well as in the events of default or bankruptcy.

## Note 6. Specification of Aktia Group's funding structure

(EUR million)	30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015	30 Jun 2015
Deposits from the public and public sector entities	4,278.4	3,985.1	4,041.8
<b>Short-term liabilities, unsecured debts</b>			
Banks	69.5	64.5	85.9
Certificates of deposits issued	-	12.0	96.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>69.5</b>	<b>76.5</b>	<b>182.4</b>
<b>Short-term liabilities, secured debts (collateralised)</b>			
Banks - received cash in accordance with collateral agreements	149.5	158.0	149.7
Repurchase agreements - banks	156.9	163.1	198.0
<b>Total</b>	<b>306.4</b>	<b>321.2</b>	<b>347.7</b>
<b>Total short-term liabilities</b>	<b>375.9</b>	<b>397.7</b>	<b>530.1</b>
<b>Long-term liabilities, unsecured debts</b>			
Senior financing from savings- and POP banks	-	-	126.1
Issued debts, senior financing	817.5	812.9	743.0
Issued structured debts	4.1	7.5	10.7
Other credit institutions	49.9	51.8	53.8
Subordinated debts	235.1	235.0	217.3
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,106.6</b>	<b>1,107.2</b>	<b>1 150.9</b>
<b>Long-term liabilities, secured debts (collateralised)</b>			
Centralbank and other credit institutions	233.0	133.0	138.0
Issued covered bonds	1,695.9	2,201.0	2,193.0
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,928.9</b>	<b>2,334.0</b>	<b>2,331.0</b>
<b>Total long-term liabilities</b>	<b>3,035.5</b>	<b>3,441.3</b>	<b>3,482.0</b>
<b>Interest-bearing liabilities in the banking business</b>	<b>7,689.8</b>	<b>7,824.1</b>	<b>8,053.9</b>
Technical provisions in the life insurance business	1,129.1	1,130.5	1,122.6
Total other non interest-bearing liabilities	301.1	311.8	278.6
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>9,119.9</b>	<b>9,266.3</b>	<b>9,454.7</b>

Short-term liabilities = liabilities which original maturity under 1 year

Long-term liabilities = liabilities which original maturity over 1 year

## Note 7. Collateral assets and liabilities

Collateral assets (EUR million)	30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015	30 Jun 2015
<b>Collateral for own liabilities</b>			
Securities	293.3	303.5	346.1
Outstanding loans constituting security for covered bonds	2,776.9	2,907.3	2,973.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,070.2</b>	<b>3,210.8</b>	<b>3,319.3</b>
<b>Other collateral assets</b>			
Pledged securities <sup>1</sup>	224.7	126.0	126.9
Securities included in pledging agreements	0.0	25.0	43.0
Cash included in pledging agreements and repurchase agreements	37.4	28.8	17.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>262.1</b>	<b>179.8</b>	<b>187.1</b>
<b>Total collateral assets</b>	<b>3,332.3</b>	<b>3,390.6</b>	<b>3,506.4</b>
<b>Collateral above refers to the following liabilities</b>			
Liabilities to credit institutions <sup>2</sup>	389.9	296.1	336.0
Issued covered bonds <sup>3</sup>	1,695.9	2,201.0	2,193.0
Derivatives	37.4	53.8	60.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,123.2</b>	<b>2,551.0</b>	<b>2,589.3</b>

<sup>1</sup> Refers to securities pledged for the intra day limit. As at 30 June 2016, a surplus of pledged securities amounted to EUR 25 (26) million.

<sup>2</sup> Refers to debts to the central bank, the European Investment Bank and to repurchase agreements with standardised GMRA (Global Master Repurchase Agreement) terms and conditions.

<sup>3</sup> Own repurchases deducted.

Collateral liabilities (EUR million)	30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015	30 Jun 2015
Cash included in pledging agreements <sup>1</sup>	149.5	158.0	149.7
Securities included in repurchase agreements <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>149.5</b>	<b>158.0</b>	<b>149.7</b>

<sup>1</sup> Refers to derivative transactions where collaterals were received from the counterparty in accordance with ISDA/CSA agreements.

<sup>2</sup> Refers to repurchase agreements with standardised GMRA (Global Master Repurchase Agreement) terms and conditions.

## Note 8. Net income from financial transactions

(EUR million)	Jan-Jun 2016	Jan-Jun 2015	Δ %	2015
Net income from securities and currency trading	0.7	0.7	1%	1.5
Net income from financial assets and liabilities valued at fair value via income statement	-0.4	0.2	-	-0.5
Net income from financial assets available for sale	8.5	1.8	366%	2.8
of which impairment of financial assets	-	0.0	-	0.0
Net income from hedge accounting	-0.8	0.0	-	-0.1
<b>Net income from financial transactions</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>190%</b>	<b>3.7</b>

## Note 9. Net interest income

(EUR million)	Jan-Jun 2016	Jan-Jun 2015	Δ %	2015
Deposits and lending	30.1	28.7	5%	57.4
Hedging, interest rate risk management	17.9	15.6	15%	32.3
Other	0.6	5.5	-88%	7.7
<b>Net interest income</b>	<b>48.7</b>	<b>49.8</b>	<b>-2%</b>	<b>97.3</b>

The impact of fixed rate investments is divided into two components consisting of interest rate risk and credit risk. The interest rate risk component is included in hedging of Interest rate risk whereas the credit risk component is included in other net interest income.

## Note 10. Gross loans and write-downs

(EUR million)	30 Jun 2016	31 Mar 2016	31 Dec 2015	30 Sep 2015	30 Jun 2015
Gross loans	6,035	5,915	5,910	5,992	6,033
Individual write-downs	-39	-44	-45	-48	-48
of which made to non-performing loans past due at least 90 days	-34	-40	-39	-39	-39
of which made to other loans	-5	-4	-6	-8	-9
Write-downs by group	-9	-9	-10	-10	-10
<b>Net loans, balance amount</b>	<b>5,987</b>	<b>5,862</b>	<b>5,856</b>	<b>5,934</b>	<b>5,975</b>

## Note 11. Net income from life insurance

(EUR million)	Jan-Jun 2016	Jan-Jun 2015	Δ %	2015
Premiums written	57.9	105.2	-45%	174.4
Net income from investments	11.4	11.4	0%	21.6
of which impairment of financial assets	-0.3	-1.0	69%	-3.2
Insurance claims paid	-52.5	-44.0	-19%	-90.3
Net change in technical provisions	-4.1	-59.8	93%	-80.8
<b>Net income from life insurance</b>	<b>12.8</b>	<b>12.8</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>24.9</b>

Helsinki 10 August 2016

AKTIA BANK PLC

*The Board of Directors*

## Report on review of the interim report of Aktia Bank p.l.c. as of and for the six-month period ending June 30, 2016

### *To the Board of Directors of Aktia Bank plc*

#### *Introduction*

We have reviewed the balance sheet as of 30 June 2016 and the related income statement, statement of other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity capital and cash flow statement of Aktia Bank plc group for the six-month period then ended, as well as other explanatory notes to the consolidated financial statements. The Board of Directors and the Managing Director are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and other Finnish rules and regulations governing the preparation of interim reports. We will express our conclusion on the interim report based on our review.

#### *Scope of review*

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements 2410, Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards on auditing and other generally accepted auditing practices and consequently does not enable us to obtain a level of assurance that would make us aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### *Conclusion*

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the interim report, in all material respects, is not prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and other applicable rules and regulations governing interim financial reporting preparation in Finland.

Helsinki 10 August 2016

KPMG Oy Ab

Jari Härmälä

*Authorized Public Accountant*

This page intentionally left blank

Interim report January - September 2016	17 November 2016
Annual accounts announcement 2016	14 February 2017
Annual General Meeting 2017	5 April 2017
Interim Report January - March 2017	11 May 2017
Interim Report January - June 2017	8 August 2017
Interim Report January - September 2017	8 November 2017

# Aktia

Aktia Bank plc  
 PO Box 207  
 Mannerheimintie 14, 00101 Helsinki  
 Tel. +358 10 247 5000  
 Fax +358 10 247 6356

Website: [www.aktia.com](http://www.aktia.com)  
 Contact: [aktia@aktia.fi](mailto:aktia@aktia.fi)  
 E-mail: [firstname.lastname@aktia.fi](mailto:firstname.lastname@aktia.fi)  
 Business ID: 2181702-8  
 BIC/S.W.I.F.T: HELSFIHH